

Trauma-Sensitive Pyramid Model

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Infant and Early Childhood Mental Health Consultation (IECMHC)

of Child Development and Early Learning (OCDEL), administered by The Pennsylvania Key.

IECMHC is a free resource that supports children's social-emotional development from ages 0-5 within early learning programs participating in Keystone STARS.





This training has information about trauma and its impact...

Many people in this session may have shared some of these experiences.

If at any time you are uncomfortable and feel that you need a break, please take care of yourself!

And please, let someone know if you need any assistance.

PA Support & Referral Helpline 1-855-284-2494 (TTY: 724-631-5600)

Crisis Text Line: Text PA to 741741



PADS: Predictions, Acknowledgments & Disclaimers

Our experience is that different professionals will have individual reactions to either specific pieces or to the presentation as whole.

Each of us have had our own levels of training and experiences with regard to trauma and its impact.

--PADS Concept from Lakeside Global Institute



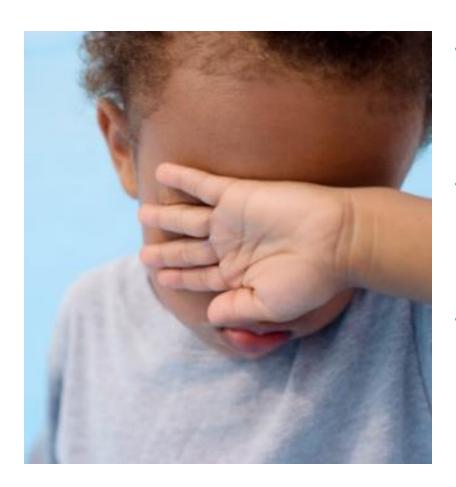
Session Objectives:

- Define various types of trauma.
- Understand the impact trauma has on early childhood development.
- Identify what it means to provide trauma-informed care.
- Cross-walk trauma-informed care with the pyramid model framework.
- Identify strategies to embed trauma-informed care practices into support for staff and children at the various levels of the pyramid.





Important Terms



Trauma

 An individual's response to an event that threatens safety or security

Toxic Stress

 Re-occurring negative experiences that threaten safety or security

Traumatic Stress

 The event, the experience, and the effect combined



Important Terms Continued:

Trauma-Informed Care:

A framework of thinking and interventions that focus on an understanding of and responsiveness to the impact of trauma

Triggers (Trauma Reminders):

Signals that act as signs that may create behaviors connected to survival responses that cause difficulty for children, adults and the community





Trauma Spectrum

Single incident, older age of onset, secure attachment, strong support system

Multiple traumas, interpersonal in nature, younger age of onset, poor supports Chronic, repeated trauma of multiple types, possibly involving several caregivers, beginning in early childhood, minimal supports

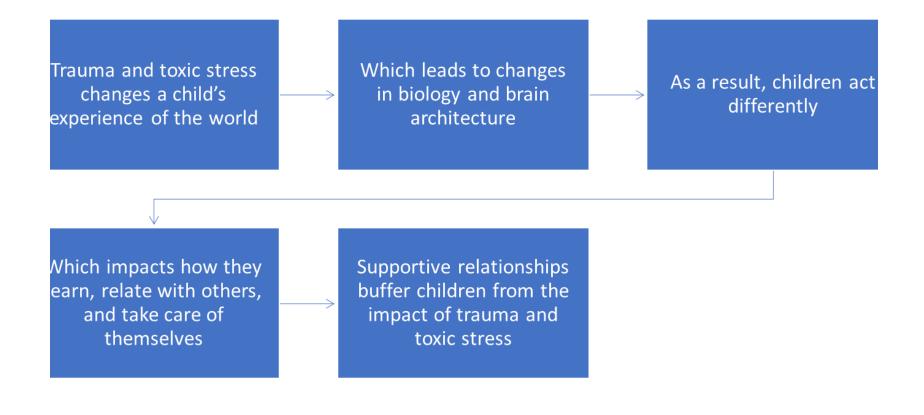


Why is this important?

TRAUMA CAN CHANGE THE COURSE OF A CHILD'S LIFE AND THEIR FUTURE!

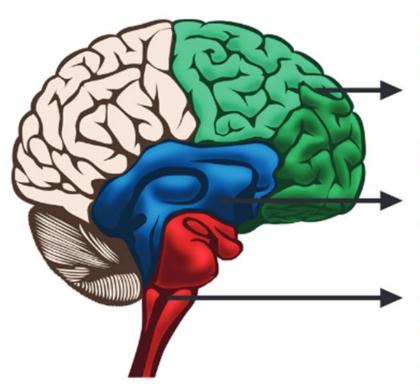


What do we need to know about trauma?





Conscious Discipline Brain State Model



Executive State

Need: Problem solving opportunities **Looks like:** Wisdom, unlimited skills

Message: What can I learn?

Emotional State

Need: Connection

Looks like: Back talk, sass, yelling,

verbal reactions

Message: Am I loved/connected?

Survival State

Need: Safety

Looks like: Hiding, fighting, surrender,

physical reactions Message: Am I safe?



Trauma Impacts Development

Brain Development

Cognition

Physical & Mental Health

Emotional

Behavioral

Relationships



Parallel Impact Trauma:





Impact on Classroom Behavior-Using the Lens of Early Childhood

More prone to reactivity and impulsivity

Trying to protect self against feeling of constant danger

May effect relationships with others

Withdrawal

Rarely attracts teacher attention

Avoids interactions with others

Aggression

Limited verbal abilities

Learned that violence is a way to solve problems

Distorted perception of intentions

Defiance

Could be freeze response

Attempt to feel in control

May prefer to be viewed as noncompliant rather than unable to master a task

Perfectionism

Afraid to disappoint caregivers

Only pursues activities that equal success

Anxious



Behavior has Meaning!

Remember:

Their normal is not our normal

Their behaviors are normal considering their internal state of distress

Behavior= Communication

What a young child is feeling

What it is like to be in that child's body

What it is like to be in that child's world



Behavior is Communicating...

"I'm scared."

"I'm sad."

"I'm confused!"

"I'm lonely."

"I don't want people near me!"

"I feel like I can't protect myself!"

"I need extra connection with people in order to feel safe!"



Trauma Shapes Beliefs and Expectations

About Themselves

I am not worthy of love and care

I am helpless

I must be on constant alert and in control to be safe

About the adults who care for them

Adults cannot be trusted to protect me

Adults hurt me

About the world in general

The world is a dangerous place

I cannot let my guard down



Shift in Thinking...

Traditional View:

The child is oppositional, defiant, and manipulative

The behaviors are the child's way of controlling everyone around them

New View:

The child is in a highly anxious, stressed state of fear

The behaviors are the child's attempt to reduce the fear and stress in order to feel calmer

Adapted from Daniel & Zarling (2012)



Shift in Thinking...

Traditional View:

Anger Management Issues

Might have MH diagnosis

Child chooses to act this way (disrespect)

Uncontrollable, destructive

New View:

Maladaptive responses

Difficulty regulating emotions

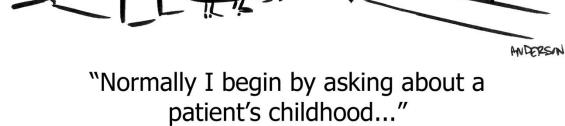
Negative view of the world (cannot trust adults)

Trauma response was triggered



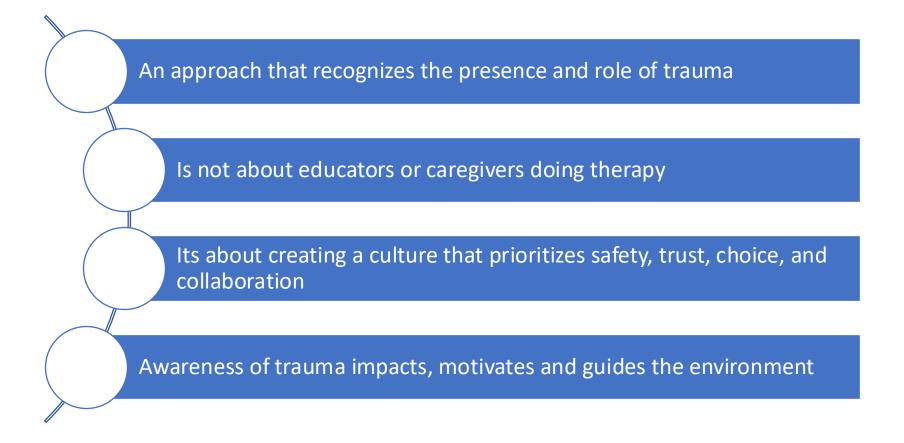
So what did we just do?

TIC is not therapy......



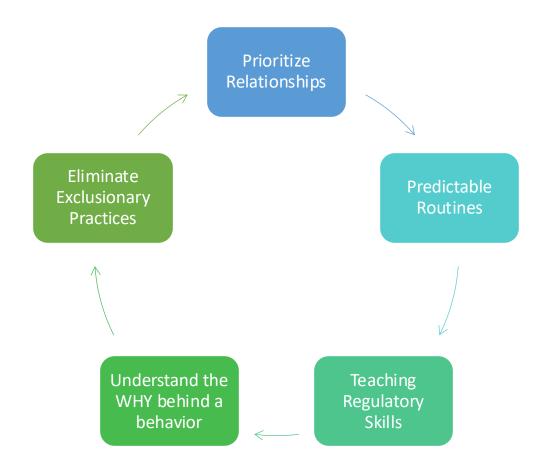


What is Trauma Informed Care?





Best Practices in Trauma Informed Care:





Ways to Support Children, Adults, and Everyone

Nurture relationships

Consistent routines

Identify and label emotions

Reassure and validate

Create safe places

Positive language, positive reinforcement

Reinforce coping skills

Collaborate with others

Check-in with yourself

Developmentally, culturally appropriate practice

Take care of basic needs – food, exercise, rest

Take a break

Talk to others/social supports

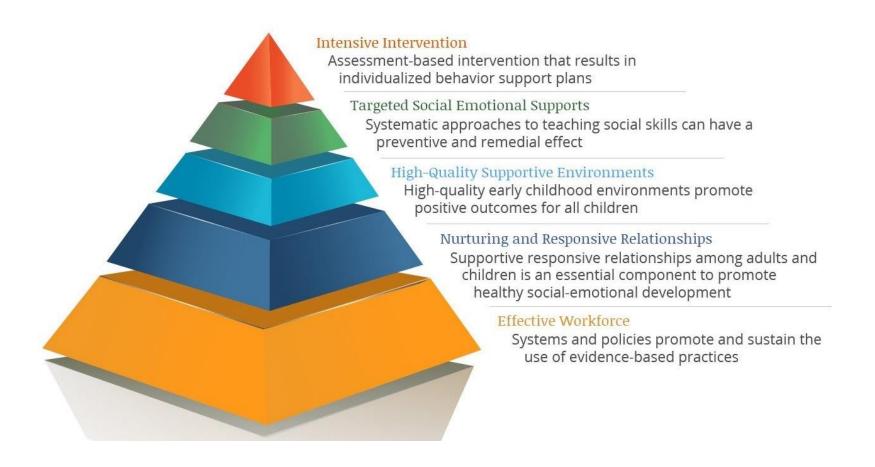
Recognize if MORE is needed



The Pyramid Model: A Tiered Framework to Support Children (& Adults)



National Pyramid Model





Integrating Trauma in the Pyramid







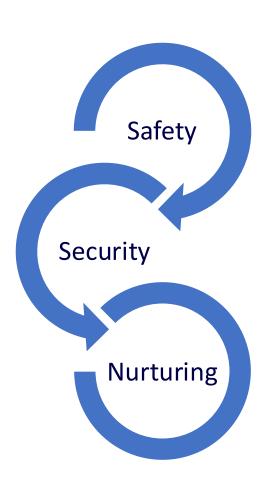
Relationships are the INTERVENTION

"Healing comes through repeated interactions with a compassionate regulated other"
-Bruce Perry, MD, PhD





What Young Children Need

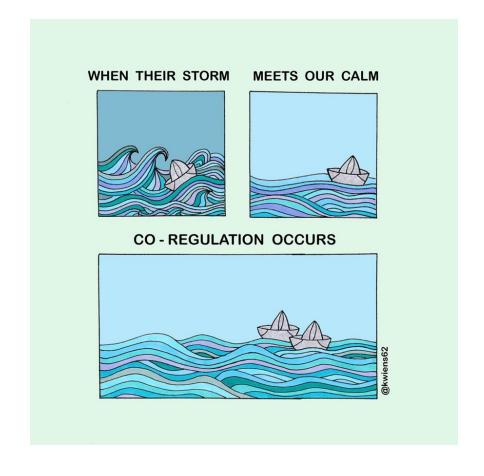


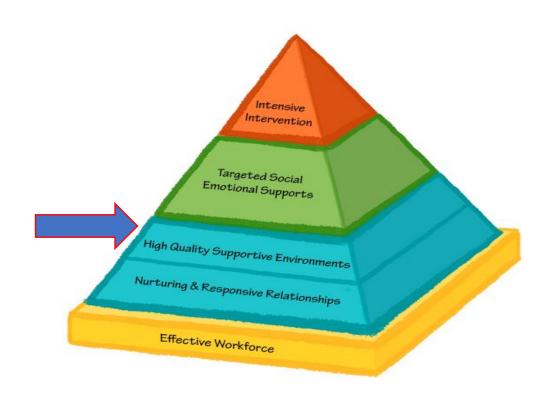
 Children and adults must feel and be safe

- Children must feel safe in the space they are in
- Relationships ARE the intervention



Co-Regulation:







High Quality, Supportive Environments

- Visual supports
- Safe spaces in the classroom
- Classroom expectations
- Offering choices
- The classroom needs to be organized





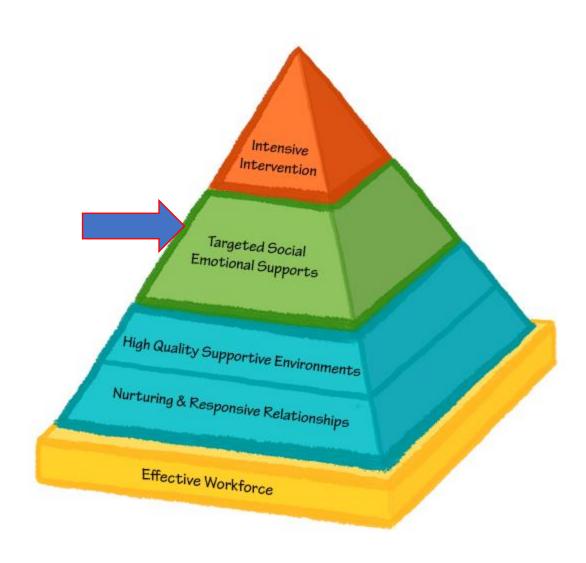
Routines are Consistent and Predictable







- Visual Schedules that are interactive and visual supports
- Active and simple transitions
- Transition warnings: more than one warning needs to be given.





Targeted SE Support for Trauma-Informed:



- Individualize routines whenever possible
- Adapt routines and directions to give additional help to children who need more support
- Label feelings and teach emotion literacy



Supports continued......

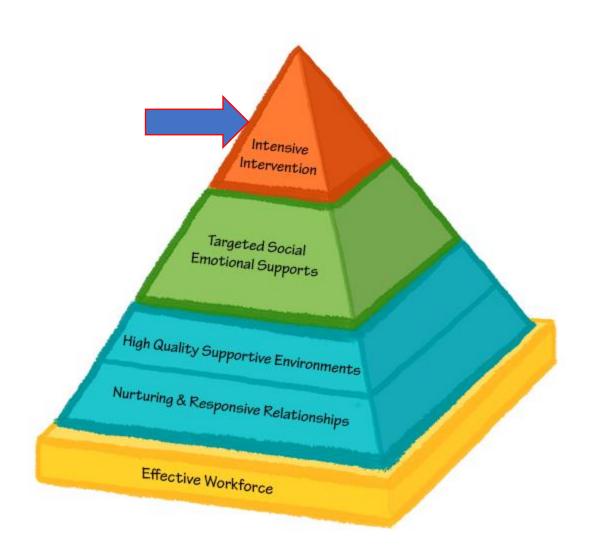
- Teaching and modeling how to regulate emotions
- Teach coping skills for big emotions
- Teach and practice Friendship Skills





Implementing Principles of Trauma-Informed Care:

- Maintain routines
- Give children choices
- Increase the level of support and encouragement
- Set clear and firm limits
- Earn their trust
- Give warnings
- Give extra support for difficult times
- Be aware of all children's reactions to traumatized child, and what they are sharing.
- Re-enacting trauma in play and interactions with others is a coping mechanism





When to Refer:

Behavioral observations

Intensity, frequency, and duration of behavior

Data based decision making

Where to Refer:

ECMH Consultation

Early Intervention

Behavioral Health

Home Visiting or EC Family Support

Child Welfare (for mandated reporting where applicable)

Adapted from Daniel & Zarling (2012)



Pyramid Model & Trauma-Informed Care:

- Focus on teaching new skills and NOT on the behavior
- Focus on long-term, academic, social, and emotional outcomes NOT the quick fix
- Strategies that target the behavior and NOT general strategies for all challenging behaviors
- Treat every child and adult as though they may have been impacted by trauma



Adult Self-Care



Secondary Traumatic Stress

- Any educator who works directly with traumatized children is vulnerable to the effects of trauma
- Also known as Compassion Fatigue
- Refers to being physically, mentally, or emotionally worn out or overwhelmed by students' traumas and/or behaviors.



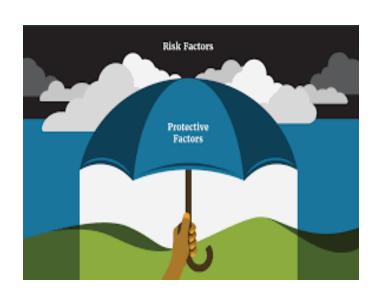
Tips on Compassion Fatigue

- Be aware of the signs
- Don't go it alone
- Recognize Compassion Fatigue as an occupational hazard
- Seek help for your traumas
- If you see signs in yourself, talk to a professional
- Attend to self-care

Secondary Traumatic Stress: A Fact Sheet for Child-Serving Professionals; The National Child Traumatic Stress Network (www.NCTSN.org)



Community Care: Building the Umbrella for Resilience





Children need support from all of the adults in their fires in proof to build.

residence and to develop, both socially.

and emotionally Children are the "supe"

waiting to be filled each day, in order for

Pages to barragest conducts usually.

Resident distance read resident adults. Adults working with said config. for young shiftiens are fixed oil fermeutines as "pitchers." Every day, edults pour and your into the 'ough' - the children. Out as the fermion skiping game, "you samm! give what you do not have." So, its important for adults to have not have man residence and adults remained freeth, in story to lead these polytons fell. Adults writing with and saving the proving obligation need support and quotestions, not. These impositions of leadurable in the surfurance and estimates field who provide that support our think of themselves as the "well," With the "picture," proving and employing one of a days facility, for each of the "well," the "that to be selfied, Serving as the "well," means that you have an employing one the "well," and the object of pair follows are all only pair reservations, but the of your follows are given to the province of the self-pairs.



Summary

Trauma & toxic stress change a child's experience of the world

Which leads to changes in biology & brain architecture

As a result, children act differently (defensively)

Which impacts how they learn, get along with others, and take care of themselves

Supportive relationships PROTECT children from the impact of trauma & toxic stress



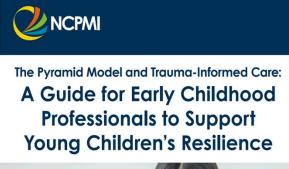
In Closing...

- How children are treated changes who they are and how they will develop.
- We learn how to become gentle, loving, caring humans in relationships with adults and caregivers who are gentle, loving, and unconditionally caring.





Resources





Trauma-Informed Care and the Pyram for Promoting Social and Emotional Competence in Infants and Young Children Early educators are becoming increasingly aware of the importance of understanding the impact of trauma on young children and their families and offering Resources for Implementing

trauma-informed care. Children's responses to trauma can include a child's difficulty in relationships and social interactions with peers and adults, challenges in emotional regulation and social skill development, and challenging behavior. Practices that are recommended for providing a trauma informed educational program (National Child Traumatic Stress Network, 2017) consist of:

- Implementing a multi-tiered approach that acknowledges the importance of providing a safe and nurturing environment for all children and more intensive and focused prevention and intervention for children who have social, emotional, or behavioral support needs;
- > Prioritizing the establishment of nurturing and responsive relationships with all children and their families;
- Offering children predictable routines;
- ► Teaching children social, emotional, and behavior regulation skills;
- ▶ Responding to challenging behavior by seeking to understand the behavior and use prevention and instructional strategies to address behavior; and
- Eliminating the use of exclusionary or punishment responses to challenging behavior (i.e., time-out, suspension).

The Pyramid Model for Promoting Social and Emotional Competence in Infants and Young Children (Fox, Dunlap, Hemmeter, Joseph, & Strain, 2003; Hemmeter, Ostrosky, & Fox, 2006) provides a multi-tiered approach that has been designed for implementation within early care and education programs. In programs implementing the Pyramid Model, practitioners are guided in how to: 1) establish nurturing and responsive relationships with children and families; 2) provide predictable and supportive environments; 3) promote the development of social, emotional, and behavioral skills; and 4) address challenging behavior through understanding the behavior and designing interventions that are positive and focused on teaching new skills.

Trauma-Informed Care

- ► Checklist of Early Childhood Practices that Support Social **Emotional Development and**
- ► All Hands on Deck: Partnering Childhood Mental Health
- Understanding Infant and Early Childhood Mental Health Consultation and the Pyramid Model

Fox, L., Dunlap, G., Hemmeter, M. L., Joseph, G. E., & Strain, P. S. (2003). The Teaching Pyramid: A model for supporting social competence and preventing challenging behavior in young children. Young Children 58(4), 48-52,

Hemmeter, M. L., Ostrosky, M., & Fox, L. (2006). Social and emotional foundations for early learning: A conceptual model for intervention School Psychology Review, 35, 583-601.

National Child Traumatic Stress Network, Schools Committee. (2017). Creating, supporting, and sustaining trauma-informed schools: A system framework, https://www.nctsn.org/site



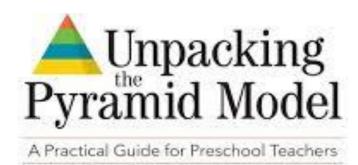


National Center for Pyramid Model Innovations | ChallengingBehavior.org





Resources









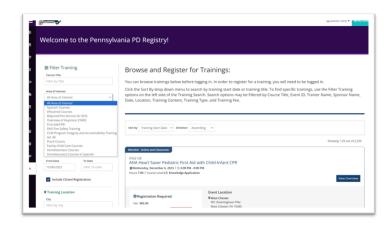




E-Pyramid Model Trainings

- Free
- Self-Guided
- Full Year access
- Trauma-Informed Care
- Staff Wellness: Taking Care of Yourself
- Search for *ePyramid Courses*

https://www.papdregistry.org/v7/trainings/search





IECMH Newsletter

- Free
- Learn about Pyramid Model practices to support all children's social-emotional wellness
- New topics each month
- QR code to subscribe

Scroll down to click the yellow "Subscribe" button





Resources to Provide Support Around Traumatic Experiences

In response to traumas within communities, the PA Office of Child Development and Early Learning (OCDEL) offers the following resources for early learning programs, schools, community partners, and families.

www.pakeys.org/resources-toprovide-support-around-traumaticexperiences/





Adult Support Resources For Compassion Fatigue

- Mindfulness Apps
- OCDEL Supported Healthy Minds App—FREE Access
- www.pakeys.org/healthyminds-program/
- See QR Code to download the app
- Mood Trackers





Adult Support Resources for Trauma-Informed Care

IECMHC Office Hours

To request an appointment: forms.office.com/r/dT9A9Q **QEQL**

Access through QR Code

Professional Services such as Trauma Informed Cognitive Behavioral Therapy





The Pennsylvania Key **IECMHC Virtual Office Hours**

The Pennsylvania Key Infant-Early Childhood Mental Health Consultation (IECMHC) Program is offering a new service: IECMHC Virtual Office Hours

Are you looking for support with:

Helping a child who is struggling with behavior, attachment, peer relationships or emotion regulation? Helping teachers and families with self-care, stress, and coping, but not sure what to do next?

> IECMHC Virtual Office Hours is now accepting appointments for office hours throughout Pennsylvania!

IECMH Consultants are available by appointment to provide IECMHC Virtual Office Hours consultation via telephone or video conference. IECMHC Virtual Office Hours is a short-term, collaborative,

problem-solving conversation to help you find next steps for: Child Social-Emotional Concerns | Child Behavioral or Developmental Concerns Emotional Well-being of Teachers and Caregivers | Partnering with Families

Who can request IECMHC Virtual Office Hours?

Services are available at no cost to families, child care professionals and specialists supporting Keystone STARS child care programs. We invite:

- · Teachers, directors, and staff in center, family, and group-based child care programs
- Families with children attending child care programs
 Keystone STARS Quality Coaches
- Early Intervention (Birth-3 & 3-5) professionals
- Mental Health/Behavioral Health agencies

How can IECMH Virtual Office Hours help your program?

IECMH Consultation helps adults strengthen their relationships with young children and build capacity to respond to children's social-emotional needs. IECMHC can help reduce caregiver stress, as well as increase

- . Figure out what's really going on when a child exhibits challenging behaviors
- · Reflect and respond to problem behaviors with the power and impact of nurturing relationships
- · Build partnerships with families
- · Share community resources · Consider your next steps and where to go from here

How can you request an IECMHC Virtual Office Hours appointment?

Appointments are held on the first and third Fridays of the month, or other days/times by request. To schedule an appointment, register here.



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