Approaches To Learning Through Play (14) Standard Area AL.1: Constructing and Gathering Knowledge (3) Curiosity and Initiative AL.1.PK.A Explore and ask questions to seek meaningful information about a growing range of topics, ideas and tasks. • Utilize senses to explore and learn from the environment	Goal P-ATL 11 Child shows interest in and curiosity about the world around them • Ask questions and seeks new information • Is willing to participate in new activities or experiences even if they are perceived as challenging
Curiosity and Initiative AL.1.PK.A Explore and ask questions to seek meaningful information about a growing range of topics, ideas and tasks. • Utilize senses to explore and learn from the environment	 Child shows interest in and curiosity about the world around them Ask questions and seeks new information Is willing to participate in new activities or experiences even if they are perceived as challenging
 AL.1.PK.A Explore and ask questions to seek meaningful information about a growing range of topics, ideas and tasks. Utilize senses to explore and learn from the environment 	 Child shows interest in and curiosity about the world around them Ask questions and seeks new information Is willing to participate in new activities or experiences even if they are perceived as challenging
 Explore and ask questions to seek meaningful information about a growing range of topics, ideas and tasks. Utilize senses to explore and learn from the environment 	 the world around them Ask questions and seeks new information Is willing to participate in new activities or experiences even if they are perceived as challenging
growing range of topics, ideas and tasks.Utilize senses to explore and learn from the environment	 Ask questions and seeks new information Is willing to participate in new activities or experiences even if they are perceived as challenging
• Utilize senses to explore and learn from the environment	 Is willing to participate in new activities or experiences even if they are perceived as challenging
 Show interest and interact with peers about their work or actions Demonstrate interest in new materials and experiences that are introduced into the classroom Ask questions to understand something (e.g. "How does that work?") Watch peers play and ask to join in Risk Taking AL.1.PK.B Demonstrate a willingness to participate in new and challenging experiences. Actively explore new materials that are introduced into the classroom Observe peers engaged in an unfamiliar or new activity before joining in. Listen attentively to learn proper technique for a new skill, and then follow through using the learned technique State discomfort at trying something new, but make attempts to try after encouragement Differentiate between appropriate and inappropriate methods for learning information (e.g. understand that jumping from a high 	 Demonstrates eagerness to learn about and discuss a range of topics, ideas, and activities Goal P-ATL 11 Child shows interest in and curiosity about the world around them Demonstrates eagerness to learn about and discuss a range of topics, ideas, and activities
wall is a dangerous way to discover its height) Stages of Play	Goal P-ATL 6
AL.1.PK.C	Child maintains focus and sustains
Engage in complex play sequences with two or more children.	attention with minimal adult support
 Use materials and objects to represent other objects Initiate cooperative play with peers by establishing roles and a simple play scenario (e.g. act out a doctor's office scenario, assigning a doctor and patients) Extend play scenarios over more than one day Incorporate personal experiences and themes learned into play scenarios Engage in simple games with rules with adult reminders and support 	Engages in purposeful play for extended periods of time
Standard Area AL.2: Organizing and Understanding Information (5)	Coal D ATL 6
 Engagement and Attention AL.2.PK.A Work toward completing a task, even if challenging, and despite interruptions. State when they are being distracted 	 Goal P – ATL 6 Child maintains focus and sustains attention with minimal adult support Mains focus on activities for extended periods of time, such as

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 State when they are frustrated by a challenge Move away from distractions in order to complete a task 	15 minutes or more
Task Analysis AL.2.PK.B	Goal P – ATL 8 Child holds information in mind and
 Independently break simple tasks into steps and complete them one at a time. Attend and follow through on two step directions Explain a routine sequence Relate the steps necessary to complete a task or activity Relate the desired outcome or end goal of a task or activity Persistence AL.2.PK.C Attempt to accomplish challenging tasks by employing familiar and new strategies as needed. Attempt to complete a task in more than one way (e.g. using materials in new ways, trial and error, breaking tasks into steps) before asking for help or stopping due to frustration Stick to a task after stating frustration Show pride in completion of a challenging tasks	 manipulates it to perform tasks Accurately recounts recent experiences in the correct order and includes relevant detail Successfully follows detailed, multi-step directions, sometimes with reminders Goal P-ATL7 Child persists in tasks Completes tasks that are challenging or less preferred despite frustration, either by persisting independently or seeking help from an adult or other child Goal P – ATL9 Child demonstrates flexibility in thinking and behavior Tries different strategies to complete work or solve problems including with other children
 Patterning AL.2.PK.D Recognize and extend simple patterns. Identify patterns in the environment (e.g. stripes on a flag) Clap out rhythmic patterns Practice extending simple repeating patterns using manipulatives 	 Goal P – MATH 7 Child understands simple patterns Duplicates simple patterns in a different location than demonstrated, such as making the same alternating color pattern with blocks at a table that was demonstrated on a rug. Extends patters, such as making an eight block tower of the same pattern that was demonstrated with four blocks
 Memory AL.2.PK.E Retain and recall information presented over a short period of time. Relate information and/or experiences from the past Remember and update simple information (e.g. one's place in a story, song or game if interrupted) Engage in memory games Recall details from stories, events, and experiences Standard Area AL.3: Applying Knowledge (3) 	 Goal P – ATL 8 Child holds information in mind and manipulates it to perform tasks Accurately recounts recent experiences in the correct order and includes relevant details

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 AL.3.PK.A Use music, art and/or stories to express ideas, thoughts, and feelings. Reference 9.1.M.PK.E; 9.1.D.PK.E; 9.1.V.PK.E; 1.4.PK.M; 1.5.PK.E 	 Child expresses creativity in thinking and communication Uses multiple means of communication to creatively express thoughts, feelings, or ideas
 Invention AL.3.PK.B Produce and explain the purpose for a new creation. Engage in a variety of creative activities Describe or draw a desired product (e.g. create a blueprint for a block structure) Answer questions to explain the purpose of a creation Show pride in a creation 	 Goal P – ATL 13 Child uses imagination in play and interactions with others Uses imagination with materials to create stories or works of art
 Representation AL.3.PK.C Use materials and objects to represent new concepts. Use non-conforming objects to create representations of real life objects or activities (e.g. block for a phone, stick for a spoon) Use real life objects to represent make-believe or fantasy objects (e.g. spoon for a magic wand, broom for a flying horse) Standard Area AL.4: Learning Through Experience (3) 	 Goal P-ATL 13 Child uses imagination in play and interactions with others Uses objects or materials to represent something else during play, such as using a paper plate or Frisbee as a steering wheel
 Making Connections AL.4.PK.A Relate knowledge learned from one experience to a similar experience in a new setting. Relate personal (e.g. home, cultural, community) experiences during play, and other school activities Understand that appropriate activities and events may differ from home to school Share new skills or tasks learned or practiced outside of school setting (e.g. "Mommy taught me how to tie my shoe", demonstrate a forward roll that was learned in a weekend gymnastics class) Practice skills learned in whole group demonstration or role play during center exploration Apply a skill to multiple tasks (e.g. use measuring cups in sensory table, outside, and in cooking activity) 	
Resiliency AL.4.PK.B Recognize that everyone makes mistakes and that using positive coping skills can result in learning from the experience. • Reference 16.1.PK.C	 Goal P – SE 8 Child manages emotions with increasing independence Use a range of coping strategies to manage emotions with the support of an adult, such as using words or taking deep breaths

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Problem Solving AL.4.PK.C Attempt problem solving activities to achieve a positive outcome. Try new ways to complete a familiar task Attempt to complete a task in more than one way (e.g. using materials in new ways, trial and error, breaking tasks into steps) before asking for help or stopping due to frustration Ask questions to clarify problems Discuss the different ways used to accomplish a task or to solve a problem Recall and use a previously successful strategy Change plan if a better strategy presents itself Observe mistakes and note the effectiveness of a difference solution (e.g. "That didn't work because") Demonstrate increasing flexibility in a variety of situations, task, and activities 	 Goal P – ATL 9 Child demonstrates flexibility in thinking and behavior Tries different strategies to complete work or solve problems including with other children
Language and Literacy Development (46)	
Standard Area 1.1 Foundational Skills (5)	
 Book Handling 1.1 PK.A Practice appropriate book handling skills. Orient a book correctly Turn pages in order Use pointers or finger to track print on charts, posters, environmental print or in books Practice tracking from top to bottom and left to right with scaffolding 	 Goal P – LIT 2 Child demonstrates an understanding of how print is used (functions of print) and the rules that govern how print works (conventions of print) Understands that print is organized differently for different purposes, such as a note, list, or storybook Begins to point to single-syllable words while reading simple, memorized texts
 Print Concepts 1.1 PK.B Identify basic features of print. Differentiate between numbers and letters and letters and words Recognize and name some upper and lower case letters of the alphabet 	 Goal P – LIT 2 Child demonstrates an understanding of how print is used (functions of print) and the rules that govern how print works (conventions of print) Understands that written words are made up of a group of individual letters Goal P – LIT 3 Child identifies letters of the alphabet and produces correct sounds associated with letters Names 18 upper and 15 lower – case letters
Phonological Awareness	Goal P – LIT 1

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 1.1 PK.C Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). Recognize rhyming words Recognize when two or more words begin with the same sound (alliteration) Count syllables in spoken words Isolate and pronounce initial sounds Segment single-syllable spoken words into phonemes 	 Child demonstrates awareness that spoken language is composed of smaller segments of sound Provides one or more words that rhyme with a single given target, such as "What rhymes with log?" Produces the beginning sound in a spoken word, such as "Dog begins with /d/." Provides a word that fits with a group of words sharing an initial sound, with adult support, such as "Sock, Sara, and song all start with the /s/ sounds. What else starts with the /s/ sound?" Goal P – LIT 3 Child identifies letters of the alphabet and produces correct sounds associated with letters Knows the sounds associated with several letters
 Phonics and Word Recognition 1.1.PK.D Develop beginning phonics and word skills. Associate some letters with their names and sounds Identify familiar words and environmental print 	 Goal P – LIT 1 Child demonstrates awareness that spoken language is composed of smaller segments of sound Provides a word that fits with a group of words sharing an initial sound, with adult support, such as "Sock, Sara, and song all start with the /s/ sounds. What else starts with the /s/ sound?"
 Fluency PK.E Emerging to: Read emergent reader text with purpose and understanding. Recite rhymes, songs, and familiar text while tracking with a finger or pointer Apply knowledge of letters, word and sounds to read simple sentences Assemble letters to form words and words to form sentences and (pretend) to read the words or sentences back Standard Area 1.2 Reading Informational Text (10) Key Ideas and Details- Main Idea 2 PK A 	Goal P – LIT 4 Child demonstrates on understanding of
 1.2.PK.A With prompting and support, retell key details of text that support a provided main idea. Know that the details of a text can be used to support a main 	Child demonstrates an understanding of narrative structure through storytelling/ re- telling • Re-tells or acts out a story that

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 topic or idea Provide relevant details from a text which support a provided main idea 	was read, putting events in the appropriate sequence, and demonstrating more sophisticated understanding of how events relate, such as cause and effect relationships
 Key Ideas and Details- Text Analysis 1.2.PK.B Answer questions about a text. Use specific details from the text to answer questions Answer "who" or "what" the text is about Answer "how" and/or "why" questions using specifics from the text 	 Goal P – LIT 5 Child asks and answers questions about a book that was read aloud Answers questions about details of a story with increasingly specific information, such as when asked "Who was Mary?" response "She was the girl who was riding the horse and then got hurt." Provides a summary of a story, highlighting a number of the key ideas in the story and how they relate
 Key Ideas and Details 1.2. PK.C With prompting and support, make connections between information in a text and personal experience. Share personal experience and prior knowledge that is relevant to the text Contribute relevant information to a K (know), W (what child wants to learn), L (what group learned) chart Choose text based on personal interests and experiences 	
 Craft and Structure- Text Structure 1.1 PK.E Identify the front cover, back cover and title page of a book. Relate that texts are organized in a predictable format Identify the title page of a book Identify the front cover of a book Identify the back cover of a book 	 Goal P – LIT 2 Child demonstrates an understanding of how print is used (functions of print) and the rules that govern how print works (conventions of print) Identifies book parts and features, such as the front, back, title, and author
Craft and Structure-Vocabulary 1.2. PK.F With prompting and support, answer questions about unfamiliar words read aloud from a text. • Participate in discussions about unfamiliar words • Connect prior understandings to unfamiliar words Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 1.2. PK.G With prompting and support, answer questions to connect	 Goal P – LC 6 Child understands and uses a wide variety of words for a variety of purposes With support, forms guesses about the meaning of new words from context clues

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 illustrations to the written word. Retell a simple sequence in a text using picture support Match pictures to ideas, objects, or steps in a sequence Describe pictures in a text in detail to answer specific questions about the text Integration of Knowledge and Ideas –Analysis Across Texts 1.2.PK.I With prompting and support, identify basic similarities and differences between two texts read aloud on the same topic. Recognize that texts have similar components that can be compared and contrasted (e.g. main ideas, details) Participate in strategies that provide opportunities to compare 	
and contrast texts and/or components of texts (e.g. Venn diagrams, T-charts) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	Goal P – LC 6
 1.2.PK.J Use new vocabulary and phrases acquired in conversations and being read to. Talk about pictures using new vocabulary words or phrases Use new vocabulary in the context of dramatic play, daily routines and classroom conversations Begin to use new vocabulary when asking questions or describing situations or objects 	 Child understands and uses a wide variety of words for a variety of purposes Demonstrates the use of multiple (2 – 3) new words or signs a day during play and other activities Shows recognition of and/or familiarity with key domain-specific words heard during reading or discussions With multiple exposures, uses new domain-specific vocabulary during activities, such as using the word "cocoon" when learning about the life-cycle of caterpillars, or "cylinder" when learning about 3-D shapes
 Vocabulary/Acquisition and Use 1.2.PK.K With prompting and support, clarify unknown words or phrases read aloud. Recognize words or phrases that are unfamiliar to them Ask, "What does that mean?" Talk about connections between familiar and unfamiliar words or phrases that mean similar things (e.g. grass, lawn) 	 Goal P – LC 6 Child understands and uses a wide variety of words for a variety of purposes Shows recognition of and/or familiarity with key domain-specific words heard during reading or discussions
 Range of Reading 1.2.PK.L With prompting and support, actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. Ask and answer questions about text being read aloud Share relevant prior knowledge about text being read aloud Respond to and build on comments from other children 	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
• Use ideas gained in group reading activities in other daily routines, learning centers, and activities	
Standard 1.3: Reading Literature (11)	
 Key Ideas and Details-Theme 1.3.PK.A With prompting and support, retell a familiar story in a sequence with picture support. Retell a story in sequential order using various materials 	 Goal P – LIT 4 Child demonstrates an understanding of narrative structure through storytelling/ retelling Re-tells or acts out a story that was read, putting events in the appropriate sequence, and demonstrating more sophisticated understanding of how events relate, such as cause and effect relationships
 Key Ideas and Details-Text Analysis 1.3 PK.B Answer questions about a particular story (who, what, how, when, and where). Use specific details from the story to answer questions 	 Goal P – LIT 5 Child asks and answers questions about a book that was read aloud Answers questions about details of a story with increasingly specific information, such as when asked "Who was Mary?" response "She was the girl who was riding the horse and then got hurt." Provides a summary of a story, highlighting a number of the key ideas in the story and how they relate
 Key Ideas and Details-Literacy Elements 3.PK.C With prompting and support, answer questions to identify characters, settings, and major events in a story. Demonstrate understanding that "setting" is where a story takes place Demonstrate understanding that "characters" are people or animals who have a role in the story Respond to questions and prompts about characters, settings and events during a read aloud 	 Goal P – LIT 4 Child demonstrates an understanding of narrative structure through storytelling/ retelling Re-tells or acts out a story that was read, putting events in the appropriate sequence, and demonstrating more sophisticated understanding of how events relate, such as cause and effect relationships Identifies characters and main events in books and stories
 Craft and Structure Point of View 1.3.PK.D With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story. Understand that an author writes the story Understand that the illustrator draws the pictures 	Goal P – LIT 2 Child demonstrates an understanding of how print is used (functions of print) and the rules that govern how print works (conventions of print) • Identifies book parts and features, such as the front, back, title, and

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	author
Craft and Structure- Text Structure	Goal P – LIT 2
1.3. PK.E	Child demonstrates an understanding of
With prompting and support, recognize common types of text.	how print is used (functions of print) and
 Understand that different types of texts are used for different purposes 	the rules that govern how print works (conventions of print)
• Understand that a storybook has characters, setting, and actions	• Understand that print is organized
associated with words and, most often, illustrations	differently for different purposes,
• Understand that a poem consists of words arranged in patterns of sound (e.g. rhyming words, alliteration)	such as a note, list, or storybook
• Tell if a text is storybook or poem	
• Differentiate between real and make-believe	
Craft and Structure-Vocabulary	Goal P – LC 6
1.3. PK.F	Child understands and uses a wide variety
Answer questions about unfamiliar words read aloud from a story.	of words for a variety of purposes
Participate in discussions about unfamiliar words	• With support, forms guesses about
• Connect prior understandings to unfamiliar words	the meaning of new words from context clues
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Sources 1.3.PK.G	
Describe pictures in books using detail.	
 Attach action and descriptive words to illustrations (e.g. "That 	
man in the yellow hat is running fast")	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Text Analysis	
1.3.PK.H	
Answer questions to compare and contrast the adventures and	
experiences of characters in familiar stories.	
• Understand that characters within the same story or characters	
from different stories can be compared and contrasted	
• Participate in strategies that provide opportunities to compare	
and contrast the experiences of characters (e.g. Venn diagrams,	
T-charts, dramatic play)	
Vocabulary Acquisition & Use Strategies	Goal P – LC 6
1.3.PK.I	Child understands and uses a wide variety
With prompting and support, clarify unknown words or phrases read aloud.	of words for a variety of purposes
	• Shows recognition of and/or familiarity with key domain-
Recognize words or phrases that are unfamiliar to themAsk, "What does that mean?"	specific words heard during
• Talk about connections between familiar and unfamiliar words or phrases that mean similar things (e.g. grass, lawn)	reading or discussions
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	Goal P – LC 6
1.3.PK.J	Child understands and uses a wide variety
Use new vocabulary and phrases acquired in conversations and	of words for a variety of purposes
being read to.	• Demonstrates the use of multiple
• Talk about pictures using new vocabulary words or phrases	(2-3) new words or signs a day
• Use new vocabulary in the context of dramatic play, daily	during play and other activities

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 routines and classroom conversations Begin to use new vocabulary when asking questions or describing situations or objects 	• With multiple exposures, uses new domain-specific vocabulary during activities, such as using the word "cocoon" when learning about the life-cycle of caterpillars, or "cylinder" when learning about 3-D shapes
Range of Reading	
1.3.PK.K With prompting and support, actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	
• Ask and answer questions about story or poem being read aloud	
• Share relevant prior knowledge about text being read aloud	
• Respond to and build on comments from other children	
• Use ideas gained in group reading activities in other daily	
routines, learning centers, and activities Standard Area 1.4 Writing (14)	
Informative/Explanatory	Goal P – LIT 6
1.4.PK.A	Child writes for a variety of purposes
Draw/dictate to compose informative /explanatory texts examining a	using increasingly sophisticated marks
 topic. Use illustration/dictation to convey meaning about a particular topic 	• Writes (draws, illustrates) for a variety of purposes and demonstrates evidence of many
• Create a picture about a nonfiction topic and talk about it with the teacher	aspects of print conventions, such as creating a book that moves from left to right
Informative / Explanatory Focus 1.4.PK.B	
With prompting and support, draw/dictate about one specific topic.	
• Create a picture about a nonfiction topic and talk about it with	
the teacher	
Informative / Explanatory Organization 1.4.PK.C	
With prompting and support, generate ideas to convey information.	
Brainstorm ideas for pictures and stories	
• Tell teacher what she/he will draw	
Informative/ Explanatory Organization	
1.4.PK.D	
With prompting and support, make logical connections between	
drawing and dictation.	
 Understand that words are connected to print Work with teacher to create words or sentences that relate to 	
Work with teacher to create words or sentences that relate to drawings	
Informative / Explanatory Conventions	Goal P – LIT 6
1.4.PK.F	Child writes for a variety of purposes
Emerging toSpell simple words phonetically.	using increasingly sophisticated marks

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Write symbols, letters, or letter-like shapes Attempt to reproduce own name and/or simple words, with most letters correct 	 Attempts to independently write some words using invented spelling, such as K for kite Writes first name correctly or close to correctly
Narrative	
1.4.PK.M Distate normatives to describe real on imagined emericances on events	
 Dictate narratives to describe real or imagined experiences or events. Use illustration/dictation to convey meaning about an experience 	
or event	
• Create a picture about an experience or event and talk about it with the teacher	
Narrative Focus 1.4.PK.N	
Establish "who" and "what" the narrative will be about.	
Generate ideas for writing	
• Understand that "who" a story will be about refers to the person,	
 animal, or animated object that the story will be about Understand that "what" a story will be about refers to the 	
• Understand that "what" a story will be about refers to the sequenced events that happen to the referenced "who"	
 Respond when asked "who" or "what" a story is about, and 	
follow through when drawing about or dictating the story	
Narrative Content 1.4.PK.O	
With prompting and support, describe experiences and events.	
• When prompted, provide details (e.g. descriptive words, feelings	
and thoughts of the character) to further develop a story	
Tell teacher what she/he has drawn/written about Narrative Organization	
1.4.PK.P	
Recount a single event and tell about the events in the order in which they occurred.	
• Understand that stories can be told about a single event	
• Understand that a single event is made up of a series of smaller	
events that are in a sequence (before, next, end)	
• Respond with a logical sequence of events when asked "what"	
their story is about	
Narrative Conventions of Language 1.4.PK.R	Goal P – LIT 6 Child writes for a variety of purposes
Emerging to: Spell simple words phonetically.	using increasingly sophisticated marks
 Write symbols, letters, or letter like shapes 	Attempts to independently write
 Attempt to reproduce own name and/or simple words, with most 	some words using invented
letters correct	spelling, such as K for kite
	• Writes first name correctly or
Destadies and Distribution (NV it D	close to correctly
Production and Distribution of Writing Process	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 1.4.PK.T With guidance and support from adults and peers, respond to questions and suggestions, add details as needed. Understand that drawings and dictations can convey meaning to an audience Understand that stories may have to be changed to make meaning more clear Share work with others Participate in discussions about their work When prompted, make changes to work based on feedback Conducting Research 1.4.PK.V Ask questions about topics of personal interest to gain information; with teacher guidance and support, locate information on the chosen topic. Ask adults for explanations or information using why, how, where and when questions (e.g. "Why do leaves turn colors?", "Why doesn't Jamal like pizza?") Use a variety of resources (e.g. adults and peers, books, digital media, maps, recipes, experts) to find new information Credibility, Reliability, and Validity of Sources 1.4.PK.W With guidance and support, recall information from experiences or books. Respond to prompts which require reference to prior experiences 	
 Relate prior experiences and learning to a current topic Range of Writing A.PK.X Emerging to: Write routinely over short time frames. Engage in writing opportunities including journaling Ask teacher to "write down the words" of his/her story or to his/her drawing Ask to revisit previous work 	 Goal P – LIT 6 Child writes for a variety of purposes using increasingly sophisticated marks Creates a variety of written products that may or may not phonetically relate to intended messages Shows an interest in copying simple words posted in the classroom Attempts to independently write some words using invented spelling, such as K for kite Writes first name correctly or close to correctly
Standard Area 1.5 Speaking and Listening (6)Comprehension and Collaboration- Collaborative Discussion1.5.PK.AParticipate in collaborative conversations with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	Goal P – LC 4 Child understands, follows, and uses appropriate social and conversational rules • Maintains multi-turn

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Communicate using detail related to topic being discussed Pose questions related to topic being discussed Allow wait time before responding Engage in turn taking 	conversations with adults, other children, and within larger groups by responding in increasingly sophisticated ways, such as asking related questions or expressing agreement
 Comprehension and Collaboration Critical Listening 1.5.PK.B Answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. Respond to a question with an answer or details related to the topic being discussed 	Goal P – LC 1 Child attends to communication and language from others • Uses verbal and non-verbal signals appropriately to acknowledge the comments or questions of others
 Comprehension and Collaboration Evaluating 1.5.PK.C Respond to what a speaker says in order to follow directions, seek help, or gather information. Follow two-step directions Act upon or respond to simple statements and questions showing understanding of intent 	 Goal P – LC 2 Child understands and responds to increasingly complex communication and language from others Shows an ability to recall (in order) multiple step directions Demonstrates an understanding of a variety of questions types, such as "Yes/No?" or "Who/What/When/Where?" or "How/Why?"
 Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Purpose, Audience, and 1.5.PK.D Use simple sentences; share stories, familiar experiences, and interests, speaking clearly enough to be understood by most audiences. Talk about stories, experiences, and interests using some detail Use appropriate volume to be heard by group, paying attention to inside and outside voices Use appropriate pacing when speaking 	 Goal P – LC 3 Child varies the amount of information provided to meet the demands of the situation Usually provides sufficient detail in order to get needs met, such as explaining a point of difficulty in a task or sharing a request from home with the teacher Goal P – LC 5 Child expresses self in increasingly long, detailed, and sophisticated ways Communicates clearly enough to be understood by adults across a range of situations. Pronunciation errors and grammatical errors are isolate and infrequent. Shows proficiency with prepositions, regular/irregular past tense, possessives, and noun-verb agreement Typically, uses complete sentences of more than 5 words

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Context 1.5.PH.E Use simple sentences; express thoughts, feelings, and ideas, speaking clearly enough to be understood by most audiences. • Talk about personal thoughts, feelings, and ideas • Use appropriate volume to be heard by group, paying attention to inside and outside voices • Use appropriate pacing when speaking Conventions of Standard English 1.5.PK.G Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English when speaking based on pre-kindergarten level and content. • Speak in complete sentences that contain more than three words • Use past tense • Use pronouns • Use a variety of prepositions	
	 with complex structures, such as sentences involving sequence and causal relations Can produce and organize multiple sentences on a topic, such as giving directions or telling a story, including information about the past or present or things not physically present, and answer a variety of question types
Mathematical Thinking and Expression (12)	
Standard Area 2.1: Numbers and Operation (4)	
Counting and Cardinality 2.1 PK.A.1	Goal P – MATH 1 Child knows number names and the count

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Know number names and the count sequence. Name numerals up to 10 Rote count up to 20 Match a numeral to a set of 0-10 objects Represent a number of objects with a written numeral 0-10 Differentiate numerals from letters Counts on when a specific number is provided 	 sequence Counts verbally or signs to at least 20 by ones Goal P – MATH 5 Child associates a quantity with written numbers up to 5 and begins to write numbers Associates a number of objects with a written numeral 0-5 Recognizes and, with support, writes some numerals up to 10
 Counting and Cardinality 2.1 PK.A.2 Count to tell the number of objects. Subtilize (visually quantify) to determine how many: attach a numerical value to a set of objects without counting up to 6 Use one-to-one correspondence when counting to 10 State the total number of objects counted, demonstrating understanding that the last number named tells the number of objects counted Use counting and numbers as part of play and as a means for determining quantity 	 Goal P – MATH 2 Child recognizes the number of objects in a small set Instantly recognizes, without counting, small quantities of up to 5 objects and says or signs the number Goal P – MATH 3 Child understands the relationship between numbers and quantities When counting objects, says or signs the number names in order, paring one number word that corresponds with one object, up to at least 10 Counts and answers "How many?" questions for approximately 10 objects Understands that the last number said represents the number of objects in a set
 Counting and Cardinality: Comparing 2.1 .PK.A.3 Compare numbers. Create sets of objects with same and different amounts Identify whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than or equal to the number of objects in another group up to 10 Compare two numbers between 1 and 5 when presented as written numerals Practice use of mathematical vocabulary to compare numbers of objects Mathematical Processes 	 Goal P – MATH 4 Child compares numbers Identifies whether the number of objects in one group is more than, less than, or the same as objects in another group for up to at least five objects
2.1.PK.MP Use mathematical processes when quantifying, comparing, representing, and modeling numbers.	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Engage in numerical play Persist in numerical play (Reference AL.2.PK.C) When prompted, communicate thinking while engaged in numerical play Talk and listen to peers during numerical play Use common forms of numerical representation (e.g. fingers, tally marks, dots)Use simples forms of numerical representations (e.g. pictures, objects, fingers) Standard Area 2.2: Algebraic Concepts (2) Operations and Algebraic Thinking 2.2. PK.A.1 Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from. Represent addition and subtraction with objects, fingers, mental images, drawings, sounds (e.g. claps), acting out situations, verbal explanations, expressions, or equations Explain adding and subtracting sets of objects up to and including six, using basic math vocabulary (e.g. putting together, adding to, taking away, taking apart, taking from) Join sets of objects Separate sets of objects Add objects to a set and tell a number story about it Operations and Algebraic Thinking 2.2.PK.MP Use mathematical processes when representing relationships. Engage in mathematical play (Reference AL.2.PK.C) Problem solve during mathematical play (Reference AL.4.PK.C) When prompted, communicate thinking while engaged in mathematical play Talk and listen to peers during mathematical play Talk and listen to peers during mathematical play Use common forms of numerical representation (e.g. fingers, 	 Goal P – MATH 6 Child understands addition as adding to and understands subtraction as taking away from Represents addition and subtraction in different ways, such as with fingers, objects, and drawings Add and subtracts up to 5 to or from a given number
tally marks, dots)	
 Standard Area 2.3: Geometry (3) Geometric Identification 2.3.PK.A.1 Identify and describe shapes. Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes Recognize and describe the attributes of geometric figures Describe the relative positions of objects using terms such as above, below, beside, in front of, behind, and next to Identify shapes as two-dimensional (lying in a plane, "flat") or three-dimensional (solid) 	 Goal P – MATH 9 Child identifies, describes, compares, and composes shapes Correctly names basic shapes regardless of size and orientation Goal P – MATH 10 Child explores the positions of objects in space Understands and uses language related to directionality, order, and the position of objects, including up/down, and in front/behind

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 2.3.PK.A.2 Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes. Analyze and compare two-and three-dimensional shapes, in different sizes and orientations, using informal language to describe their similarities, differences, parts and other attributes Model shapes in the world by building shapes from components and drawing shapes Use geoboards to create shapes with rubber bands Use simple shapes to compose larger shapes 	 Goal P – MATH 9 Child identifies, describes, compares, and composes shapes Analyzes, compares and sorts two- and three-dimensional shapes and objects in different sizes. Describes their similarities, differences, and other attributers, such as size and shape Creates and builds shapes from components
 2.3.PK.MP Use mathematical processes when drawing, constructing, modeling, and representing shapes. Engage in geometric play Persist in geometric play (Reference AL.2.PK.C) Problem solve during geometric play (Reference AL.4.PK.C) When prompted, communicate thinking while engaged in geometric play Talk and listen to peers during geometric play Problem solve during geometric play (Reference AL.4.PK.C) 	
Standard Area 2.4: Measurement, Data and Probability (3)	
Measurement and Data	Goal P – MATH 8
2.4.PK.A.1	Child measures objects by their various
Describe and compare measurable attributes of length and weights of everyday objects.	attributes using standard and non-standard measurement. Uses differences to make
 Recognize attributes of objects that can be measured 	comparisons.
 Measure objects using non-standard items (e.g. hands, shoes, yarn, blocks) Practice use of standard measurement tools Practice using measurement vocabulary Sort and order by one attribute Use ordinal number words to describe the position of objects (first, second, last) Compare two objects with a measureable attribute in common to see which object has "more of"/ "less of" the attribute and describe the difference 	 Measures using the same unit, such as putting together snap cubes to see how tall a book is Compares or orders up to 5 objects based on their measurable attributes, such as height or weight
2.4 PK.A.2	Goal P – MATH 8
 Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category. Classify up to 10 objects using one attribute into categories Display the number of objects in each category Count and compare the quantities of each category to describe which category has "more of"/ "less of" the attribute 	 Child measures objects by their various attributes using standard and non-standard measurement. Uses differences to make comparisons. Compares or orders up to 5 objects based on their measurable attributes, such as height or weight

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 2.1.PK.MP Use mathematical processes when measuring; representing, organizing, and understanding data. Engage in activities that include measuring, representing, organizing, and understanding data Persist in activities that include measuring, representing, organizing, and understanding data (Reference AL.2.PK.C) Problem solve in activities that include measuring, representing, organizing, and understanding data (Reference AL.2.PK.C) Problem solve in activities that include measuring, representing, organizing, and understanding data (Reference AL.4.PK.C) When prompted, communicate thinking while engaged in activities that include measuring, representing, organizing, and understanding data Talk and listen to peers during activities that include measuring, representing, organizing, and understanding data 	
Scientific Thinking and Expression: Exploring, Inquiry and Discovery	
Standard Area 3.1.A Biological Sciences: Living and Non-living Organisms (5)	
 Common Characteristics of Life 3.1 PK.A.1 Recognize the difference between living and non-living things. Sort objects by living and non-living Categorize common living things into plants and animals 	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound
 Energy Flow 3.1. PK.A.2 Identify basic needs of plants (water and light) and animals (food, water and light). Categorize common living things into plants and animals State that living things need air, food and water to survive Observe the effect of darkness and light on growing plants 	 Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound
 Life Cycles 3.1.PK.A.3 Recognize that plants and animals grow and change. Observe and document the growth of a living thing through drawings, writing, and/or photos Describe changes in people and animals over time (e.g. losing 	 Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 teeth, growing out of clothing, beans sprouting) Care for plants and animals in the classroom 	 them to make observations Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation
 Form and Function 3.1.PK.A.5 Name basic parts of living things. Tell the parts of a person, an animal or a plant Draw a picture of a person, an animal or plant including most of the major observable features Science and Inquiry 3.1.PK.A.9 Participate in simple investigations about living and/or non-living 	 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms,
 things to answer a question or to test a prediction. Ask questions about objects, organisms, and events Use the five senses and simple equipment to gather data Collect objects during a nature walk Describe observations accurately Compare observations with others Make a prediction about the result of the experiment 	 Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect,

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 4 Child asks a question, gathers, information, and makes predictions Asks questions that can be answered through an investigation Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
Standard Area 3.1.B Biological Sciences: Genetics (2)	
 Heredity 3.1.PK.B.1 Recognize and compare physical characteristics of living things from same species. Note things that are similar among family members when looking at photographs Identify characteristics of own family (e.g. hair color, eye color and height) Match parent animal with offspring 	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound
 Science as Inquiry 3.1.PK.B.6 Participate in simple investigations of physical characteristics of living things from same species to answer a question or to test a prediction. Ask questions about objects, organisms, and events Use the five senses and simple equipment to gather data Describe observations accurately Compare observations with others Describe observable patterns in objects Make a prediction about objects, organisms, and events Ask questions about objects, organisms, and events 	 Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing

 ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 4 Child asks a question, that can be answered through an investigation Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes results of investigation 	Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quanify similarities and differences of observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 4 Child asks a question, gathers, information, and makes predictions Asks questions that can be answered through an investigation Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Arriculates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe. gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation 		observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena • Categorizes by sorting observable
 observable phenomena Goal P - SCI 4 Child asks a question, gathers, information, and makes predictions Asks questions that can be answered through an investigation Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P - SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P - SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation 		 attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify
 Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes results of investigation 		observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 4 Child asks a question, gathers, information, and makes predictions • Asks questions that can be
 background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation 		 Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and
 Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation 		background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations
 questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation 		 Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses
 and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation 		 questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6
		 and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
Standard Area 3.1.C Biological Sciences: Evolution (2)	
 Unifying Themes (Constancy and Change 3.1.PK.C.3 Describe changes that occur in animals. Identify changes that occur in animals during the seasons Describe that some animals, such as bear, hibernate when it gets cold Science as Inquiry 3.1.PK.C.4 Participate in simple investigations of changes in animals to answer a question or to test a prediction. Ask questions about objects, organisms, and events Use the five senses and simple equipment to gather data Describe observations with others Describe observations with others Describe observable patterns in objects Make a prediction about the results of the experiment 	 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	observable phenomena
	 observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 4 Child asks a question, gathers,
	 information, and makes predictions Asks questions that can be answered through an investigation Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable
	questions
	• Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6
	Child analyzes results, draws conclusions,
	 and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs
	explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships
	With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
Standard Area 3.2.A Physical Sciences: Chemistry (4)	
 Properties of Matter 3.2.PK.A.1 Sort and describe objects according to size, shape, color and texture. Recognize the different types of matter (e.g. solid, liquid, gas) Describe objects according to size, shape, color or properties of matter Collect items and sort them according to shape, color or other 	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture,
attributes	odor, and sound
 Matter and Energy 3.2.PK.A.3 Notice change in matter. Point out when a change in matter occurs Observe differences in water (e.g. ice cube or snow melting and freezing) Notice changes in food substances during cooking Unifying Themes 	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Goal P – SCI 6
3.2.PK.A.5	Child analyzes results, draws conclusions,
 Recognize that everything is made of matter. Recognize that matter takes on different shapes depending upon its type (e.g. solids have a definite shape; liquids take the shape of their container; gas lacks shape and is present everywhere) 	 and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Science as Inquiry	Goal P – SCI 1
3.2.PK.A.6	Child observes and describes observable
Participate in simple investigations of matter to answer a question or	phenomena (objects, materials, organisms,
to test a prediction.	and events)
 Ask questions about objects 	• Identifies the five senses (smell,
• Use the five senses and simple equipment to gather data	touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses
• Experiment with changes in matter	them to make observations
• Experiment with changes in substances when combined	• Uses observational tools to extend
• Make a prediction about the results of the experiment	the five senses, such as a
	magnifying glass, microscope,
	binoculars, or stethoscope
	• Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D
	models
	Goal P – SCI 2
	Child engages in scientific talk
	Uses scientific practice words or
	signs, such as observe, describe,
	compare, contrast, question,
	predict, experiment, reflect,
	cooperate, or measure
	• Uses scientific content words
	when investigating and describing
	observable phenomena, such as
	parts of a plant, animal or object
	Goal P – SCI 3
	Child compares and categorizes
	observable phenomena
	Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on
	attributes such as appearance,
	weight, function, ability, texture,
	odor, and sound
	 Uses measurement tools, such as a
	ruler, balance scale, eye dropper,
	unit blocks, thermometer, or
	measuring cup to quantify
	similarities and differences of
	observable phenomena
	Goal P – SCI 4
	Child asks a question, gathers,
	information, and makes predictions
	• Asks questions that can be
	answered through an investigation
	• Gathers information about a guestion by looking at books or
	question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and
	uiscussing prior knowledge and

 observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences
 Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 3

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 3.2.PK.B.5 Create and describe variations of sound Categorize and create sounds based on different attributes Listen to sounds from outside or inside and identify if it is loud, soft, high, low Listen to sounds and identify the source Make sounds with instruments 	 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results.
 Unifying Themes (Energy) 3.2.PK.B.6 Recognize that light from the sun is an important source of energy for living and nonliving systems and some source of energy is needed for all organisms to stay alive and grow. Recognize basic energy types and sources (e.g. light from the 	 conclusions through a variety of methods Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect,

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 sun, wind, water) Describe observations of and comment on basic energy types and sources Identify what plants and animals need to grow 	 cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as
	 observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
	Child asks a question, gathers, information, and makes predictions

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Standard Area 3.3.A Earth and Space Sciences: Earth Structures, Processes and Cycles (4)	 Asks questions that can be answered through an investigation Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
 Earth Features and the Processes that Change it 3.3.PK.A.1 Sort different types of earth materials. Explore rocks, soil and sand using a hand magnifier Answer questions about observations of earth matter Use senses and simple tools to explore earth materials 	 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect,

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Water 3.3.PK.A.4 Identify a variety of uses for water. • Identify ways water can be used (e.g. drinking, washing,	 cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and
 Identify ways water can be used (e.g. drinking, washing, watering plants, putting out fires, boating and fishing) Explore water during play 	 Friteduates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data
 Weather and Climate 3.3.PK.A.5 Identify seasons that correspond with observable conditions and identify how weather affects daily life. Name the four seasons and an observable condition for that season (e.g. falling leaves, snow, rain, buds on trees or green grass) Match types of clothing or activities to seasonal weather conditions (e.g. we use an umbrella when it is raining; we wear coats, hats, scarves and mittens when it's cold outside) Use a thermometer as a tool for measuring temperature Talk about current weather events that affect the community 	 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	• Uses senses and simple tools to
	observe, gather, and record data
Science as Inquiry	Goal P – SCI 1
3.3.PK.A.7	Child observes and describes observable
Participate in simple investigations of earth structures, processes,	phenomena (objects, materials, organisms,
and cycles to answer a question or to test a prediction.	and events)
 Ask questions about objects, organisms, and events 	• Identifies the five senses (smell,
• Use the five senses and simple equipment to gather data	touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses
• Experiment with different types of earth materials	them to make observations
• Make predictions about an outcome (e.g. "What might happen if	Uses observational tools to extend
we go out in the snow without our boots?")	the five senses, such as a
• Describe observations accurately	magnifying glass, microscope,
Compare observations with others	binoculars, or stethoscope
	Represents observable phenomena
	with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D
	models
	Goal P – SCI 2
	Child engages in scientific talk
	• Uses scientific practice words or
	signs, such as observe, describe,
	compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect,
	cooperate, or measure
	 Uses scientific content words
	when investigating and describing
	observable phenomena, such as
	parts of a plant, animal or object
	Goal P – SCI 3
	Child compares and categorizes
	observable phenomena
	Categorizes by sorting observable
	phenomena into groups based on
	attributes such as appearance,
	weight, function, ability, texture,
	odor, and sound
	• Uses measurement tools, such as a
	ruler, balance scale, eye dropper,
	unit blocks, thermometer, or
	measuring cup to quantify
	similarities and differences of
	observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 4
	Child asks a question, gathers,
	information, and makes predictions
	Asks questions that can be
	answered through an investigation
	 Gathers information about a

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
Standard Area 3.3.B Origin and Evolution of the Universe (2)	
 Comparisons and Structure 3.3.PK.B.1 Identify objects that can be found in the day or night sky. Talk about things that can be found in the day or night sky (e.g. moon, sun, stars, clouds) Distinguish between objects found in the day sky and in the night sky Observe and describe different types of clouds 	 Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
 Science as Inquiry 3.3.PK.B.3 Participate in simple investigations of the objects found in the day or night sky to answer a question or to test a prediction. Ask questions about objects, organisms, and events Use the five senses and simple equipment (e.g. prisms, binoculars) to gather data Describe observations accurately Compare observations with others Explore shadows made from the sun Use digital media to explore night sky, constellations, and other solar phenomena 	 Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words
	when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes
	 Observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound
	• Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
	 Goal P – SCI 4 Child asks a question, gathers, information, and makes predictions Asks questions that can be answered through an investigation
	 Gathers information about a question by looking at books or discussing prior knowledge and observations Makes predictions and brainstorms solutions based on
	background knowledge and experiences Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments
	 Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable
	 questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
Standard Area 4.1 Environment: Ecology (4)	or methods
 The Environment 4.1.PK.A Identify living and non-living things in the immediate and surrounding environment. Sort objects from the immediate environment by living and non-living 	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
 Energy Flow 4.1.PK.C Identify that plants need the sun to grow. Participate in experiments that show the effects on plant growth when the sun is removed as a source of energy 	 Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data
Biodiversity 4.1.PK.D Identify basic needs of living things. • Reference 3.1.PK.A.2	Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events)

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
 Succession 4.1.PK.E Identify the change of seasons in the environment. Name the four seasons and an observable condition for that season (e.g. falling leaves, snow, rain, buds on trees or green grass) Match types of clothing or activities to seasonal weather conditions Use a thermometer as a tool for measuring temperature 	 Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data
Standard Area 4.2 Watersheds and Wetlands (3)	
 Watersheds 4.2.PK.A Identify various types of moving water in Pennsylvania. Identify bodies of water (e.g. rivers, lakes, streams, creeks, puddles) in the local area Differentiate between water that moves and water that is still 	 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Wetlands 4.2.PK.B	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations
 4.2.PK.B Identify a wetland as an ecosystem in Pennsylvania. Understand that an ecosystem is a community of living things and everything that surround them Understand that a wetland is an ecosystem in which the living things depend on a large amount of water for survival Participate in classroom activities about wetlands 	 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data
 Aquatic Ecosystems 4.2.PK.C Describe an aquatic (water) and terrestrial (land) habitat. Understand that a habitat is where a living thing finds its basic needs for survival Describe different places animals can live Match animals to an aquatic (water) or terrestrial (land) habitat Include a description of a specific habitat in drawing, creations, or dictations 	 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
Standard Area 4.3 Natural Resources (2)	
 Use of Natural Resources 4.3.PK.A Identify how the environment provides for the needs of people in their daily lives. Understand that the things we use can be made from things found in the environment Match simple items used by people to its natural resource (e.g. milk to cow, wood for building to tree, wool to sheep) 	 Goal P – SCI 2 Child engages in scientific talk Uses scientific practice words or signs, such as observe, describe, compare, contrast, question, predict, experiment, reflect, cooperate, or measure Uses scientific content words when investigating and describing observable phenomena, such as parts of a plant, animal or object
 Availability of Natural Resources 4.3.PK.B Identify natural resources available to people in their daily life. Understand that natural resources are materials that come from the environment and are used by people Discuss and use natural items collected from the immediate environment 	 Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data
Standard Area 4.4 Agriculture and Society (3)	
 Food and Fiber Systems 4.4.PK.A Identify what plants and animals need to grow. Reference 3.1.PK.A.2 	 Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
Applying Sciences to Agriculture	Goal P – SCI 1
4.4. PK.C	Child observes and describes observable
Recognize that plants and animals grow and change.	phenomena (objects, materials, organisms,
• Reference 3.1. PK.A.3	and events)
	• Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses
	them to make observations
	• Uses observational tools to extend
	the five senses, such as a
	magnifying glass, microscope,
	binoculars, or stethoscope
	Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models
	Goal P – SCI 5
	Child plans and conducts investigations
	and experiments
	Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an
	investigation or experiment
	 Implement steps and uses
	materials to explore testable
	questions
	• Uses senses and simple tools to
Technology Influences on Agriculture	observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 5
Technology Influences on Agriculture 4.4.PK.D	Child plans and conducts investigations
Identify basic tools used in gardening at home and at school.	and experiments
• Discuss and answer questions about gardening	• Articulates steps to be take and
• Use basic gardening tools	lists materials needed for an
	investigation or experiment
	• Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable
	questions
	 Uses senses and simple tools to
	observe, gather, and record data

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Standard Area 4.5 Humans and the Environment (4)	
 Sustainability 4.5.PK.A Identify what people need to survive. State that people are living things Label human needs as air, food, water, shelter, clothing 	 Goal P – SCI 1 Child observes and describes observable phenomena (objects, materials, organisms, and events) Identifies the five senses (smell, touch, sight, sound, taste) and uses them to make observations Uses observational tools to extend the five senses, such as a magnifying glass, microscope, binoculars, or stethoscope Represents observable phenomena with pictures, diagrams, and 3-D models
 Integrated Pest Management 4.5.PK.B Identify things in the natural environment that can be harmful to people, pets and other living things. Recognize and avoid unsafe things and situations within the immediate natural environment Discuss plants, insects and animals that could be harmful; share personal experiences when relevant 	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena
 Pollution 4.5.PK.C Identify ways people pollute the environment. Identify how litter can have a negative impact on the environment Participate in experiments that show how litter can impact the environment Identify ways that litter should be handled 	 Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data Goal P – SCI 6 Child analyzes results, draws conclusions, and communicates results Analyzes and interprets data and summarizes results of investigation Draws conclusions, constructs

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
	 explanations, and verbalizes cause and effect relationships With adult support, compares results to initial prediction and offers evidence as to why they do or do not work. Generate new testable questions based on results. Communicates results, solutions, and conclusions through a variety of methods
 Waste 4.5.PK.D Describe how everyday human activities generate waste. Sort waste into those things that can be recycled and those things that cannot Practice recycling as part of classroom routine 	 Goal P – SCI 3 Child compares and categorizes observable phenomena Categorizes by sorting observable phenomena into groups based on attributes such as appearance, weight, function, ability, texture, odor, and sound Uses measurement tools, such as a ruler, balance scale, eye dropper, unit blocks, thermometer, or measuring cup to quantify similarities and differences of observable phenomena Goal P – SCI 5 Child plans and conducts investigations and experiments Articulates steps to be take and lists materials needed for an investigation or experiment Implement steps and uses materials to explore testable questions Uses senses and simple tools to observe, gather, and record data
Standard Area 15.4 Computer and Information Technology (8)	Geserve, gamer, and record data
 Influence of Emerging Technologies 15.4.PK.A Identify various technologies used in the classroom and at home. Label technology with appropriate vocabulary when using or shown (e.g. telephone, cell phone, computer, TV, camera, tablet, e-reader, Smart board) Discuss personal experiences with technology 	
Digital Citizenship 15.4.PK.B	
Demonstrate responsible use of technology and equipment.	

 Perform basic tasks using technological equipment (e.g. turning on a computer, taking a picture with a digital camera, pushing play button on a tape recorder) Use technology and components for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using technology Choose technologies that are appropriate for an identified task Hardware 15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications S-4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 4.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between text receives and a support, identify similarities and differences between text reacher 	Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 play button on a tape recorder) Use technology and components for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using technology Choose technologies that are appropriate for an identified task Hardware 15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 	• Perform basic tasks using technological equipment (e.g. turning	
 Use technology and components for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using technology Choose technologies that are appropriate for an identified task Hardware 15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
 Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using technology Choose technologies that are appropriate for an identified task Hardware 15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
 putting away) when using technology Choose technologies that are appropriate for an identified task Hardware 15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
 Choose technologies that are appropriate for an identified task Hardware 15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
Hardware 15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. • Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). • Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) • Use input technologies for intended purpose • Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. • Describe a purpose for use of software/application • Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
15.4.PK.C With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices. • Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). • • Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). • Use input technologies for intended purpose • Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. • • Describe a purpose for use of software/application • Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 15.4.PK.K	<u> </u>	
With prompting and support, identify peripheral devices of computer system including input and output devices.• Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when usingInput Technologies 15.4.PK.DDemonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.).• Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.).• Use input technologies for intended purpose• Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologiesSoftware/Applications 15.4.PK.GWith help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose.• Describe a purpose for use of software/application teacherDigital Media 15.4.PK.KWith help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
computer system including input and output devices.• Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when usingInput Technologies15.4.PK.DDemonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.).• Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.)• Use input technologies for intended purpose• Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologiesSoftware/Applications15.4.PK.GWith help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose.• Describe a purpose for use of software/application• Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacherDigital Media 15.4.PK.KWith help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
 Label computer components (e.g. mouse, printer, keyboard, screen) with appropriate terms when using Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
Input Technologies 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). • Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) • Use input technologies for intended purpose • Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. • Describe a purpose for use of software/application • Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
 15.4.PK.D Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.). Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 	screen) with appropriate terms when using	
Demonstrate the correct use of simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.).Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.)• Use input technologies for intended purpose • Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologiesSoftware/Applications 15.4.PK.GWith help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. • Describe a purpose for use of software/application • Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacherDigital Media 15.4.PK.KWith help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
 touch screen, microphone, etc.). Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
 Perform basic tasks using simple input technologies (e.g. mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc.) Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
 touch screen, microphone, etc.) Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
 Use input technologies for intended purpose Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
 Follow established rules (e.g. time limit, handling with care, putting away) when using input technologies Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
putting away) when using input technologiesSoftware/Applications15.4.PK.GWith help and support, select and use various software / applicationsfor an intended purpose.• Describe a purpose for use of software/application• Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacherDigital Media15.4.PK.KWith help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
Software/Applications 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. • Describe a purpose for use of software/application • Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
 15.4.PK.G With help and support, select and use various software / applications for an intended purpose. Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 		
for an intended purpose. • Describe a purpose for use of software/application • Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
 Describe a purpose for use of software/application Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 	With help and support, select and use various software / applications	
 Choose software/application from choices provided by the teacher Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between 	for an intended purpose.	
teacher Total Tota		
Digital Media 15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
15.4.PK.K With help and support, identify similarities and differences between		
With help and support, identify similarities and differences between	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
	text, graphics, audio, animation, and video.	
 Describe various types of media, what technology is used to 		
convey it, and some components (e.g. words, images, video) of it		
Describe preferences for various types of media		
Technology Research	61	
15.4.PK.L		
With help and support, use web browser to locate content-specific		
websites.		
Generate or choose a topic to learn about	-	
• Follow teacher or peer directions to use web browser to locate	*	
information specific to chosen topic Emerging Technologies in Careers		
15.4.PK.M		
With help and support, identify various technologies used in the		

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
workplace	
 Attempt to use model and real medical equipment as it is used at the doctor's office during play Identify the types of tople and meterials used in construction 	
Identify the types of tools and materials used in constructionTalk about various types of vehicles used in the workplace (e.g.	
 construction vehicles, fire fighting vehicles, boats, airplanes) Practice using hammers and nails or screws and screwdrivers in a construction center 	
Social Studies Thinking: Connecting to Communities	
5. Civics and Government (7)	
Standard Area 5.1 Principles and Documents of Government (2)	
 Rule of Law 5.1 .PK.A State rules and their consequences. Describe classroom rules Explain a consequence for breaking a classroom rule 	 Goal P – ATL 2 Child follows classroom rules and routines with increasing independence Demonstrates awareness of classroom rules when asked and is able to follow these rules most of the time Follows most classroom routines, such as putting away backpack when entering the room or sitting on the rug after outside time
 Symbols 5.1.PK.F Identify basic American symbols (e.g., American Flag). Discuss images, pictures or items that are symbols of America Identify the American Flag Replicate the American Flag using art materials 	
Standard Area 5.2 Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship (3)	
Civic Rights and Responsibilities 5.2.PK.A	Goal P – SE 11 Child has sense of belonging to family,
Identify self-membership of a group such as the class or family.	community, and other groups
• Display awareness of role as member of a group	• Identifies self as being a part of
Participate in group decision-making	different groups, such as family,
 Participate in classroom and family responsibilities 	community, culture, faith, or
Talk about responsibilities at home	preschool
• Work cooperatively with other children to achieve an outcome	Relates personal stories about being part of different groups
Conflict and Resolution 5.2.PK.B	Goal P – ATL 1 Child manages emotions with increasing
Identify a problem and discuss possible solutions with adult assistance. <i>*see also 16.2. PK.D</i>	independenceLooks for adult assistance when
• Identify one or two solutions to a problem	emotions are most intense
• Attempt to solve a conflict with a peer	• Uses a range of coping strategies
• Work with a peer to develop a solution to a problem (e.g. ways	to manage emotions with the

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 to share the play dough when there isn't enough) Suggest simple solutions to conflict which are most often based upon own needs and desires 	 support of an adult, such as using words or taking deep breaths Goal P – ATL 4 Child manages actions, words, and behavior with increasing independence Refrains from aggressive behavior toward others Begins to understand the consequences of behavior, such as hitting leads to an adult giving you quiet time. Can describe the effects their behavior may have on others, such as noticing that another child feels sad when you hit him
Leadership and Public Service	
5.2.PK.C	
Emerging to: Identify classroom projects/activities that support leadership and service.	
Show interest in leadership opportunities	
 Choose a leader for a classroom project 	
 Ask to be the line leader 	
 Request to help teacher 	
Standard Area 5.3 How Government Works (2)	
Government Services	
5.3.PK.C	
Identify community workers through their uniforms and equipment.	
• Match descriptions of people's work in a community with picture illustrating the job	
• Act out roles of community workers in dramatic play	
Relay personal experiences to describe the work that community workers do	
Conflict and the Court System	Goal P – ATL 2
5.3.PK.F	Child follows classroom rules and routines
 Identify appropriate behaviors for responsible classroom citizens. Use inside voices while indoors and outside voices when 	with increasing independenceDemonstrates awareness of
• Ose inside voices while indoors and outside voices when outdoors	 Demonstrates awareness of classroom rules when asked and is
 Cooperate in both large and small group activities that are 	able to follow these rules most of
facilitated by adult	the time
 Follow rules and routines in classroom 	• Follows most classroom routines,
 Respond with empathy to others who are upset 	such as putting away backpack
• Recognize when someone needs help and offer assistance	when entering the room or sitting
• Respect another's attempts to complete tasks independently	on the rug after outside time
6. Economics (8)	
Standard Area 6.1 Scarcity and Choice (3)	
Standard Area 0.1 Scaletty and Choice (3)	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
Scarcity and Choice 6.1.PK.A Emerging to: Identify how scarcity influences choice. • Understand that some resources are limited	
 Notice when materials are running low (e.g. we need more paper in the art area) Offer to share materials when materials are scarce (e.g. one 	
 shovel in sensory table) Show preference for one material/center, but choose a different material/center when materials are scarce or center is full 	
Limited 6.1.PK.B Emerging to: Identify family wants and needs. • Identify what people need to survive • Demonstrates awareness of one's own preferences	
 Identify personal wants Incentives and Choice 6.1.PK.D Identify a choice based on individual interest. Make a choice and explain the reason for the choice Provide a reason for choosing to play in a particular center that shows interest in specific materials or people 	 Goal P-ATL 10 Child demonstrates initiative and independence Makes choices and communicates these to adults and other children Independently identifies and seeks things to complete activities or tasks, such as gathering art supplies to make a mask or gathering cards to play a matching activity
Standard Area 6.2 Market and Economic Systems (2)	
Advertising and Media 6.2.PK.C Emerging to: Identify advertisements that encourage us to buy things.	
 Recognize logos (environmental print) from local businesses Discuss advertisements (e.g. radio, print, TV) 	
Price Determination 6.2.PK.D	
 Explain how money is used. Identify that money is used to buy things State that money can be saved Use pretend money while engaging in dramatic play activities 	
 Use pretend money while engaging in dramatic play activities Practice exchanging play money for goods Standard 6.3 Functions of Government (1) 	
Government's Role in International Trade 6.3.PK.D	
Identify products produced locally.	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
• Name items that come from farms, factories, and/or businesses within the community	
• Talk about products that can be found around their home	
Standard Area 6.5 Income, Profit and Wealth (2)	
Factors Influencing Wages 6.5.PK.A	
Differentiate between work and play.	
 Respond that adults work to earn money 	
 Relate that work involves performing an activity that is chosen 	
and directed by someone else, and has a specific goal	
• Relate that play is a self-selected activity that may or may not	
have a specific purpose	
Types of Businesses	
6.5.PK.C	
Identify local businesses.	
• Participate in role play that is related to a local business (e.g. pet	
store, hair salon, restaurant)	
• Describe where customers go to acquire specific goods or services (e.g. food purchased at grocery store, hammer and nails	
purchased at hardware store)	
7. Geography (3)	
Standard Area 7.1 Basic Geographic Literacy (2)	
Geographic Tools	
7.1.PK.A	
Explain how a map is a representation of places.	
• Use a simple map	
• Use available materials (e.g. blocks) to represent buildings, roads or houses	
 Include representations of roads, bodies of water and buildings in 	
play	
 Discuss tools used to locate places 	
• Use the term "map"	
Location of Places and Regions	
7.1.PK.B	
Emerging to: Describe the location of places in the home, school, and	
community to gain an understanding of relative location	
• Describe the location of items/areas in the classroom and at	
home	
• Use directionality, size and position (e.g. left, right, first, last, little, big, top, bottom) to describe location	
 Place pictures of common household items in the proper rooms 	
of a floor plan	
 Listen to directions and retrieve items 	
Standard Area 7.2 Physical Characteristics of Places and Regions (1)	
Physical Characteristics	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 7.2. PK. A Describe the characteristics of home and frequently visited locations to gain an understanding of physical features. Describe simple characteristics of home (e.g. type of dwelling, where located, what surrounds it) Identify familiar places in the neighborhood Describe simple characteristics of business or community structures (e.g. type of dwelling, where located, what surrounds it) 	
8. History (2)	
 Standard Area 8.1 Historical Analysis and Skills Development (2) Continuity and Change Over Time 8.1.PK.A Identify a sequence of events through a day. Demonstrate an understanding of past, present, and future (e.g. today is, yesterday was and tomorrow will be, recall information from the immediate past, sequence pictures of self from birth to present) Describe the daily routine (e.g., what happens first, before lunch, after lunch, at end of day) Show anticipation for regularly scheduled events Use words to describe time (e.g. yesterday, today, tomorrow, o'clock) 	 Goal P – ATL 8 Child holds information in mind and manipulates it to perform tasks Accurately recounts recent experiences in the correct order and includes relevant detail
 Research 8.1.PK.C Understand that information comes from many sources such as books, computers, and newspapers. Label types of media and what information can be gained (e.g. recipes from a cookbook, prices from an advertisement) Locate information on identified topics using media (e.g. music, books, maps, TV programming, newspapers, magazines, movies, Internet, applications, advertising) 	
Creative Thinking and Expression: Communicating through the Arts (14)	
 Standard Area 9.1.M Production and Performance: Music and Movement (4) Elements and Principles 9.1.M.PK.A Know and use basic elements and principles of music and movement. Practice rhythms in different forms of music and dance Explore rhythm instruments Use rhythm instruments as intended Participate in teacher-guided music and movement activities 	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
- Dantiainata in anoun mananant activities demonstrating on	г атежогк
 Participate in group movement activities demonstrating an awareness of shared space 	
 Demonstrate an understanding of "fast," "slow," "loud," and 	
"soft."	
Demonstration	
9.1.M.PK.B	
Respond to different types of music and dance through participation and discussion.	
• Participate in teacher-guided music and movement activities	
• Sing familiar songs, chants, and finger plays	
• Dance to different types of music	
• Discuss music and movement experiences	
Representation	Goal P – ATL 13
9.1.M.PK.E	Child uses imagination in play and
Use imagination and creativity to express self through music and	interactions with others
dance.	• Uses imagination with materials
Initiate music and movement activities	to create stories or works of art
• Select music and movement area during free choice	
 Improvise songs and rhythmic patterns 	
• Change words or tune of familiar songs to make new songs	
• Use body to represent form in space, finger plays, or stories	
Technologies	
9.1.M.PK.J	
Use a variety of technologies for producing or performing works of	
art.	
• Explore musical instruments	
Use instruments to accompany music	
• Use instruments as intended	
• Use age appropriate digital media applications to create music	
• Use a variety of props to enhance movement activities (e.g.	
scarves, bean bags, ribbons)	
• Use recording devices (e.g. voice recorder, video recorder) to	
capture music and/or movement performances Standard Area 9.1.D Production and Performance: Dramatic and	
Performance Play (2)	
Demonstrations	
9.1.D.PK.B	
Recreate a dramatic play experience for an audience.	
 Create various voice inflections and facial expressions in play 	
 Change voice inflections when recreating various characters 	
 Direct peers or follow peers' instructions about dramatic play 	
schemes	
 Act out stories with guidance of the adult 	
Representation	Goal P – ATL 13
9.1.D.PKE	Child uses imagination in play and
Use imagination and creativity to express self through dramatic play.	interactions with others

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Use nonconforming objects to create representations of real life objects or activities Represent fantasy and real-life experiences through pretend play Imitate roles of people, animals, or objects observed in life experiences Use props and costumes during dramatic play Create props from available materials Standard Area 9.1.V Production and Performance: Visual Arts (4) 	 Engages in social and pretend play Uses imagination with materials to create stories or works of art Uses objects or materials to represent something else during play, such as using a paper plate or Frisbee as a steering wheel
Elements and Principles	
9.1.V.PK.A	
Know and use basic elements of visual arts.	
Participate in teacher-guided visual arts activities	
 Choose art center during free choice Demonstrate an understanding of "color," "shape," and "line" 	
 Demonstrate an understanding of color, snape, and fine Create a picture using different colors, varying the intensity of 	
strokes and combining colors	
 Demonstration 9.1.V.PK.B Combine a variety of materials to create a work of art. Participate in teacher-guided visual arts activities Choose art center during free choice Use a variety of materials (e.g. chalk, paint, crayons, pencils, markers, wood, play dough) 	 Goal P – ATL 13 Child uses imagination in play and interactions with others Uses imagination with materials to create stories or works of art
• Draw to explore and extend themes in the classroom	
Representation 9.1.V.PK.E	Goal P – ATL 13 Child uses imagination in play and
 Use imagination and creativity to express self through visual arts. Participate in teacher-guided visual arts activities Choose art center during free choice Draw self-portrait Create a work of art to represent a real or imagined object, animal, or person Use a growing number of details and make more realistic representations Choose different art materials to represent different types of thoughts or feelings 	 Interactions with others Uses imagination with materials to create stories or works of art
Technologies	
9.1.V.PK.J	
Use a variety of technologies for producing works of art.	
 Explore a variety of art materials and tools Participate in teacher guided viewal arts activities 	
Participate in teacher-guided visual arts activitiesChoose art center during free choice	
 Use art materials and tools as intended 	
 Manipulate materials in a variety of ways (e.g. pounding, squeeze, cutting, rolling) 	
• Use age appropriate digital media applications to create works of	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
art	
• Use recording devices (e.g. digital camera, video recorder) to capture works in progress and finished works of art	
Standard Area 9.2 Historical and Cultural Context of Works in the Arts	
(1)	
Perspective	
9.2. PK.D	
Explain that instruments or art forms represent cultural	
perspectives.	
• Explore instruments from different cultures	
• Participate in discussions about where various instruments and	
art forms originate	
 Identify cultures represented by various art forms 	
Standard Area 9.3 Critical Response to Works of Art (2)	
Identification	
9.3. PK.F	
Recognize and name a variety of art forms.	
• Identify a photo, painting, drawing, dance, and songs	
Critical Response	
9.3.PK.G	
Formulate and share an opinion about others' art products.	
• Observe, applaud or comment on the works of others	
• Share an opinion about art work when asked, "What do you think this is about?"	
Standard Area 9.4 Aesthetic response to Works in the Arts (1)	
Emotional Response 9.4.PK.B	
Demonstrate an emotional response to viewing or creating various	
art works.	
• Respond through body language, facial expression or oral	
language	
• Respond through humming, swaying, tapping foot to others' work	
• Respond at appropriate times (laugh, sigh) at others'	
performance	
Health and Wellness and Physical Development: Learning About My	
Body (13)	
Standard Area 10.1 Concepts of Health (4)	
Interaction of Body Systems	Goal P – PMP 2
10.1.PK.B	Child uses perceptual information to guide
Identify and locate body parts.	motions and interactions with objects and other people
• Participate in body identification games and songs (e.g. Hokey	Demonstrates awareness of own
Pokey)	body and other people's space
• Point to specific body parts when asked	during interactions
• Draw pictures that include some body parts	Ŭ
Participate in discussions about the functions of specific body	

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
parts	
 Nutrition 10.1. PK. C Identify foods that keep our body healthy. Identify healthy and non-healthy foods Classify foods by their food groups (e.g. fruits, vegetables, dairy) Make healthy food choices 	Goal P – PMP 5 Child develops knowledge and skills that help promote nutritious food choices and healthy eating habits self-care skills * Identifies a variety of healthy and unhealthy food * Demonstrates basic understanding that eating a variety of foods helps the body grow and be healthy
Alcohol, Tobacco and Chemical Substances	
10.1.PK.D	
Identify and discuss the purposes of medicine.	
• Identify that medicine can be used to stay healthy	
• Discuss times when medicine may be needed	
Discuss safety practices related to proper medicine use	
Health Problems and Disease Prevention	
10.1.PK.E	
Identify and discuss common health problems.	
 Participate in discussions about infectious (e.g. colds, flu, chicken pox, pink eye) and non-infectious illnesses (e.g. asthma, allergies) Discuss the concept of "germs" 	
• Participate in activities that exemplify the spread of germs	
Standard Area 10.2 Healthful Living (2)	
 Health Practices, Products and Services 10.2.PK.A Identify fundamental practices for good health. Practice basic hygiene routines with adult reminders (e.g. hand washing, tooth brushing, cover nose and mouth when sneezing) Explain that we need to eat well, get rest and exercise to stay healthy Identify people that help keep us healthy (e.g. doctor, nurse or dentist, gym teacher) 	 Goal P – PMP 4 Child demonstrates personal hygiene and self-care skills Washes hands with soap and water. Knows to do this before eating, after using the bathroom, or after blowing nose Demonstrates increasing ability to take responsibility for participating in personal calf care
Identify specific practices that support body development and function (e.g., exercise, good nutrition, rest)	participating in personal self-care skills, such as brushing teeth or getting dressed
Health and the Environment 10.2.PK.E	
Identify environmental factors that affect health.	
 Discuss plants, insects and animals that could be harmful; share personal experiences when relevant Identify harmful substances 	
• Discuss how we protect our bodies in different seasons (e.g. use sunscreen in summer, wear warm clothing in winter)	
Standard Area 10.3 Safety and Injury Prevention (2)	
Safe and Unsafe Practices	Goal P – PMP 6

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
10.3.PK.A	Child demonstrates knowledge of personal
Recognize safe and unsafe practices	safety practices and routines
 Identify and follow basic safety rules (e.g. on playground, in classroom, on field trip, crossing street) Identify the consequence of an unsafe behavior Identify and avoid unsafe practices (e.g. playing with matches, talking to strangers) Explain how community helpers (e.g. firefighter, police officer) can keep us safe 	 Identifies, avoids, and alerts others to danger, such as keeping a safe distance from swings Identifies and follows basic safety rules with adult guidance and support, such as transportation and street safety practices
Emergency Responses	
10.3.PK.B	
 Recognize emergency situations and discuss appropriate responses. Identify procedures for a variety of emergencies (fire, tornado, intruder, medical emergency) Participate in discussions that differentiate between emergencies and non-emergencies Practice emergency procedures 	
Standard Area 10.4 Physical Activity: Gross Motor Coordination (2)	
Control and Coordination	Goal P – PMP 1
10.4.PK.A	Child demonstrates control, strength, and
Demonstrate coordination of body movements in active play.	coordination of large muscles
 Combine large motor movements with the use of equipment (e.g. ride a tricycle, using feet to pedal, catch a ball, throw a bean bag or ball overhand with aim, kick a ball) Move and stop with control Use outdoor gross motor equipment Run with control and direction Engage in gross motor games (e.g. Hokey Pokey, London Bridge, Simon Says) Perform a variety of movement alongside and with a partner 	 Performs activities that combine and coordinate large muscle movements, including swinging on a swing, climbing a ladder, or dancing to music Demonstrates strength and stamina that allow for participation in a range of physical activities, such as running around playing tag
Balance and Strength	Goal P – PMP 1
10.4.PK.B	Child demonstrates control, strength, and
Exhibit balance while moving on the ground or using equipment.	coordination of large muscles
 Engage in large motor activities that require strength and balance (e.g. marching, hopping, running, jumping, dancing, walking tip toe) Walk on a balance beam Climb stairs using alternating feet Participate in an obstacle course going through tunnels, over or under equipment 	• Demonstrates balance in large- muscle movement, such as walking on a log without falling or balancing on one leg
Standard Area 10.5 Concepts, Principles and Strategies of Movement: Fine Motor Development (3)	
Strength Coordination and Muscle 10.5.PK.A	Goal P – PMP 3 Child demonstrates increasing control,
Use hands, fingers and wrists to manipulate objects.	strength, and coordination of small

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Practice manual self-help skills (e.g. zipping, snapping, buttoning) Practice using scissors Use tongs or tweezers to pick up objects Manipulate smaller objects (e.g. pegs into a pegboard, puzzle pieces, stringing beads) 	 muscles Uses pincer grip to hold and manipulate tools for writing, drawing, and painting Uses coordinated movements to complete complex tasks, such as cutting along a line, pouring, or buttoning
 Eye/Hand Coordination 10.5.PK.B Coordinate eye and hand movements to perform a task. Act out finger plays with hands and fingers Use scissors to cut on a straight line Complete self-help skills such as zip, snap or button Manipulate smaller objects (e.g. pegs into a pegboard, puzzle pieces, stringing beads) Use tools to pour (e.g. funnels, basters, and pitchers) 	 Goal P – PMP 3 Child demonstrates increasing control, strength, and coordination of small muscles Easily coordinates hand and eye movements to carry out tasks, such as working on puzzles or stringing beads together
 Use of Tools 10.5.PK.C Use tools that require use of fingers, hands, and/or wrists to accomplish a task. Use writing and drawing implements with functional grasp (pincer grasp) Use a variety of art tools (e.g. glue sticks, paint brushes, scissors) for a specific purpose Use tools (e.g. broom, dust pan brush, gardening tools) to complete classroom jobs Use utensils for eating appropriately Use cup or glass for drinking 	 Goal P – PMP 3 Child demonstrates increasing control, strength, and coordination of small muscles Uses pincer grip to hold and manipulate tools for writing, drawing, and painting Uses coordinated movements to complete complex tasks, such as cutting along a line, pouring, or buttoning
Social and Emotional Development (12)	
 Standard Area 16.1 Self-Awareness and Self- Management (4) Manages Emotions and Behaviors 16.1.PK.A Distinguish between emotions and identify socially accepted ways to express them. Recognize and label basic feelings Express feelings that are appropriate to the situation Express feelings verbally or through play and artistic representation Name a range of feelings (e.g. excited, scared, angry, surprised) Control negative responses by expressing them in appropriate ways (e.g. talking with a peer or telling a teacher) 	 Goal – P-ATL 1 Child manages emotions with increasing independence Expresses emotions in ways that are appropriate to the situation
Influences of Personal Traits on Life 16.1.PK.B Recognize that everyone has personal traits which guide behavior and choices.	Goal P-ATL 10Child demonstrates initiative and independenceMakes choices and communicates

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Demonstrate awareness of self and one's own preferences Know and state independent thoughts and feelings Show pride in own accomplishments Demonstrate confidence in own abilities (e.g. "I can kick that ball really far") Choose materials and activities based on preferences and personal interests 	 these to adults and other children Independently identifies and seeks things to complete activities or tasks, such as gathering art supplies to make a mask or gathering cards to play a matching activity
 Resiliency 16.1.PK.C Recognize that everyone makes mistakes and that using positive coping skills can result in learning from the experience. Stay calm when something does not go the way intended Strive to correct mistakes Move forward with a second attempt at something after the first attempt was unsuccessful Ask for help with a task after an unsuccessful attempt 	 Goal P – SE 8 Child manages emotions with increasing independence Use a range of coping strategies to manage emotions with the support of an adult, such as using words or taking deep breaths
 Goal Setting 16.1.PK.D Establish goals independently and recognize their influence on choices. Set and discuss goals for play and activities when asked Standard 16.2 Establishing and Maintaining Relationships (5) 	
 Relationships 16.2.PK.A Interact with peers and adults in a socially acceptable manner. Engage in reciprocal conversation with familiar peer and adult Respond to familiar adult's questions and directions Demonstrate appropriate affection for familiar adults and peers Seek out companionship from another child Use words denoting friendship Ask a child to play (e.g. "Do you want to make a block house with me?") Play cooperatively with a few peers for a sustained period of time Respond with empathy to others who are upset Share and take turns Respect feelings and belongings of others 	 Goal P – SE 1 Child engages in and maintains positive relationships and interactions with adults Shows affection and preference for adults who interact with them on a regular basis Goal P – SE 3 Child engages in and maintains positive interactions and relationships with other children Takes turns in conversations and interactions with other children Develop friendships with one or two preferred other children
 Diversity 16.2. PK.B Identify similarities and differences between self and others. Understand that each person has a set of unique characteristics Make drawings of people, including self-portraits, depicting body parts, clothing, and other physical characteristics Label personal characteristics Discuss the similarities and differences between self and others Understand that family structures may differ from one family to 	 Goal P – SE 9 Child recognizes self as a unique individual having own abilities, characteristics, emotions, and interests Describe a larger range of individual characteristics and interests and communicates how these are similar or different from those of other people

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 another Understand that the thoughts and feelings of others may differ from own Demonstrate respect for children's differences, including differences in thoughts and feelings Communication 16.2.PK.C Engage in reciprocal communication with adults and peers. Communicate using detail related to topic being discussed including topics of personal interest, and special events Pose questions related to topic being discussed Respond to questions posed by adults and peers Allow wait time before responding Engage in turn taking Managing Interpersonal Conflicts 16.2. PK.D Recognize that conflict occurs and distinguish between appropriate and inappropriate ways to resolve conflict. *See also 5.2.PK.B Use appropriate words and actions to express one's own desires Identify a problem and discuss possible solutions 	 Goal P – LC 4 Child understands, follows, and uses appropriate social and conversational rules Maintains multi-turn conversations with adults, other children, and within larger groups by responding in increasingly sophisticated ways, such as asking related questions or expressing agreement Goal – P-ATL 1 Child manages emotions with increasing independence Use a range of coping strategies to manage emotions with the support of an adult, such as using words or
 Solve simple conflicts with peers with independence (share, take turns, apologize, try something else, ask for help) Begin to negotiate conflicts that arise using words before seeking help Use words during a conflict instead of physically responding Accept and attempt teacher's or others' ideas about new strategies to solve a conflict 	 taking deep breaths Goal – P-ATL 4 Demonstrates control over actions and words in response to a challenging situation, such as wanting to use the same materials as another child, or frustration over not being able to climb to the top of a structure. May need support from adults.
Support: Asking for Help	Goal – P-ATL 1
16.2.PK.E Ask for and accept offers of help when needed or appropriate.	Child manages emotions with increasing independence
 Attempt tasks independently before asking for help Recognize when help is needed Recognize appropriate sources of help (e.g. familiar adult, community helpers, peers) Ask for adult help to solve a problem or to complete a task Respond appropriately to offers of help (e.g. "That's okay, I can do it" or "yes, thank you") 	Looks for adult assistance when emotions are most intense
Standard Area 16.3 Decision Making and Responsible Behavior (3) Decision Making Skills	Goal P – ATL 4
 Decision Making Skins 16.3.PK.A Interpret the consequences of choices. Recognize unsafe situations and tell an adult 	Child manages actions, words, and behavior with increasing independenceBegins to understand the
• Tell a peer when a rule is broken	consequence of behavior, such as

Pennsylvania Learning Standards for Early Childhood	Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework
 Warn a peer about a safety risk on the playground Encourage two friends who are having a dispute to "use their words and work it out" Discuss the reasons for having rules 	hitting leads to an adult giving you quiet time. Can describe the effects their behavior may have on others, such as noticing that another child feels sad when you hit them
Understanding Social Norms 16.3.PK.B	Goal P – ATL9 Child demonstrates flexibility in thinking
Recognize there are socially acceptable ways to behave in different	and behavior
places.	• Applies different rules in contexts
• Make transitions between places and people with minimal	that require different behaviors,
distress	such as using indoor voices or feet
 Use inside voices while indoors and outside voices when outdoors 	instead of outdoor voices or feet
• Cooperate in both large and small group activities that are facilitated by adult	
• Apply classroom rules to new situations	
 Adjust to changes in routines and activities 	
• Follow rules and routines in classroom and other settings with reminders	
Responsible Active Engagement	Goal P – SE 7
16.3.PK.C	Child expresses care and concern toward
Actively engage in assisting others when appropriate.	others
• Respond with empathy to others who are upset	• Makes empathetic statements to
• Recognize when someone needs help and offer assistance	adults or other children
• Respect another's attempts to complete tasks independently	Offers support to adults or other children who are distressed